

Spanish Records	Shelf List As of Inventory 2009 gem
	Archivo General de Indies
Box 1	Coronas Expedition, 1566 Banderas Document, 1567-1570
Box 2	1600-1670
Box 3	1671-1674
Box 4	1675-1679
Box 5	1680-1682
Box 6	1683-1684
Box 7	1685
Box 8	1686-1687
Box 9	1688-1689
Box 10	1690-1692
Box 11	1693-1699
Box 12	1700-1703
Box 13	1704-1705
Box 14	1706-1707
Box 15	1708-1709
Box 16	1710-1714
Box 17	1715-1716
Box 18	1717-1720
Box 19	1721
Box 20	1722-1725
Box 21	1726-1734
Box 22	1735-1737
Box 23	1738-1744
Box 24	1745-1755
Box 25	1756-1759 no dates translations, 1654-1720
	Papeles de Cuba
Box 26	1777-1787
Box 27	1788-1790
Box 28	1791-1792
Box 29	1793-August 1794
Box 30	September 1794-April 1795
Box 31	August 1795-September 1797
Box 32	October 1797-1800 Miscellaneous No date
Box 33	Archivo Historico Nacional 1785-1795 no date
Box 34	Archivo General de Simancas

	1790-1796 Biblioteca Nacional 1786-1792
Box 35	Extra Carbons Archivo General de Indies, 1570-1728 Papeles de Cuba, 1777-1798. Archivo Historico Nacional, 1785-1794
Box 36	Extra Carbons Archivo Historico Nacional, 1785-1794 Archivo General deSimancas, 1790-1796
Box 37	Miscellaneous
Box 38	Miscellaneous
Box 39	Empty
Box 40	In-house file of correspondence, notes, publications, TePaske Report, etc.
Box 41	Additional manuscripts copy 1982 Box #1-Papeles de Cuba and Indif. Gen. 171.6.1-MARS
Box 43	Additional manuscripts copy 1982 translation tapes
Box 42	Additional manuscripts copied-1982 box #2-Santo Domingo Papers 171.6.2-MARS

[COPIES OF] SPANISH RECORDS IN THE NORTH CAROLINA STATE ARCHIVES, 1566-1800.

Accession Information: See description below
Arrangement: By Archival agency and chronological thereunder
Finding Aid prepared by: John R. Woodard, Jr.
Date: November 30, 1962
Addenda and Revision (especially boxes 1.1, 37, 38) by Ellen Z. McGrew,
31 August 1979.

On April 18, 1924, the North Carolina Historical Commission authorized Dr. W. W. Pierson of the Department of History at the University of North Carolina to examine the public documents in Madrid to determine whether there was any material pertaining to North Carolina that ought to be in the records of the Historical Commission. Dr. Pierson found material in the National Historical Archives at Madrid and secured the services of Manuel Diaz as copyist. A larger collection was discovered in the General Archives of the Indies in Seville, and Miss Irene A. Wright was employed to photostat the pertinent material. Additional material was found in the archives at Simancas, where Mariano Alcocer was engaged as copist.

The Eleventh Biennial Report of the North Carolina Historical Commission, 1924-1926, said of the project and the materials found: "Investigation, facilitated by the courteous assistance of the Florida Historical Society, revealed an astonishing large collection of hitherto unused material vitally pertinent to North Carolina history from the middle of the sixteenth through the first years of the nineteenth century, much of which was in a bad state of preservation; and the Historical Commission authorized the use of available funds for securing copies and photostats. The work was prosecuted vigorously until July 1, 1926, when an exhaustion of funds compelled the suspension of the work This collection contains material on the Spanish policy in Tennessee and Kentucky, the relations of the Carolinas and Florida, the expedition of General Elijah Clarke, the projects of William Blount, the East Tennessee and Cumberland settlements, the South Carolina Yazoo Company, and the careers of James Robertson, John Sevier, James White, Alexander McGillivray, and William Blount."

Copying was resumed on July 1, 1927, following the appropriation of additional funds; but on August 27, 1927, the King of Spain prohibited the further copying of Spanish documents in series. Despite repeated efforts of the North Carolina Historical Commission and other repositories in the United States the ban was not lifted and the work of copying the documents came to an end. The reason for the ban seems to have been a fear on the part of the Archivist at Seville that such mass copying would reduce the importance of his own repository as a research center.¹

¹All information on this page from the Biennial Report, 1924-1926. See also page 10, note (2) of this finding aid.

[COPIES OF] SPANISH RECORDS IN THE NORTH CAROLINA STATE ARCHIVES,
1566-1800. (cont'd)

The Twelfth Biennial Report of the North Carolina Historical Commission, 1926-1928, shows that 15,120 pages of photostats and 1,512 pages of type-written copy were secured during the three year period. (See appendix)

Of the total documents copied, the largest number are from the Archives of the Indies at Seville and are concentrated in the 1650-1760 period. The contents generally relate to the presidio of St. Augustine: its extreme poverty, the need for better fortifications, military movements, attacks of the pirates on the province, Indian affairs, missionary work, and relations between English colonies and Florida. Also from Seville are two sixteenth century documents relating to expeditions from Florida: The Coronas (1566), and the Bandera (1569) documents.²

The Cuban Papers (Papeles de Cuba) were transferred from the archives at Havana, Cuba, to Seville in the 1880s. These records originated chiefly in the provinces of Louisiana, West Florida, and East Florida, and contain references to many localities, including New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Natchez, Saint Augustine, Cumberland, Vincennes, Louisville, New York, Philadelphia, and various towns in the Carolinas, Georgia and Tennessee. The papers have a bearing on almost every phase of Spanish government in America during the years, 1777-1799, and furnish valuable source material for the study of navigation on the Mississippi River, boundary disputes between Spain and the United States, migration, the State of Franklin, the founding of Kentucky, etc.³

Documents (1785-1796) copied from repositories in Madrid and Simancas are concerned with topics similar to those documents in the Cuban Papers for the same years.

In 1941 the National Park Service microfilmed the 2,000 odd documents comprising this group of records. (A copy of the National Park Service microfilm is in the custody of the Library of Congress, which reported in 1974 that this film is in poor condition and reel #1 [introduction] is missing. The N. C. State Archives does not have a copy of this film.)

The Cuban Papers were calendared in List of the Papeles Procerdentes De Cuba in the Archives in the North Carolina Historical Commission, (North Carolina Records Survey, Raleigh, 1942). This calendar is mimeographed and forms a 78 page booklet which is indexed. When Mr. Albert C. Manucy.

²Guide to the Manuscript Collections in the Archives of the North Carolina Historical Commission (Raleigh: N.C. Historical Commission, 1942), p. 127.

³Introduction, List of the Papeles Procerdentes de Cuba by Ruth Kuykendall (Raleigh: N.C. Historical Records Survey, 1942).

[COPIES OF] SPANISH RECORDS IN THE NORTH CAROLINA STATE ARCHIVES,
1566-1800. (cont'd)

Historical Technician, Castillo de San Marcos National Monument, St. Augustine, Florida, prepared his Calendar of the Spanish Records of the North Carolina State Department of Archives and History, in 1946, he found that 177 documents had been omitted in the Historical Records Survey calendar, and he inserted the corrections in the published calendar and then filmed the corrected volume to form a part of his overall calendar of the Spanish Records. He found the Papeles Procerdentes de Cuba constituted 659 documents rather than 474 as indicated in the Historical Records Survey calendar. [See microfilm Z.5.5.P in Search Room]

Over the years two individuals have made translations of parts of this collection: Dr. Lucy Wenhold, Salem College, Winston-Salem, translated a number of documents and gave the translations to this Archives. Miss Ruth Kuykendahl, a student at the University of North Carolina, was employed by the archives on a part time basis to do some translating. She translated some 600 of the 2000 documents in the collection. Copies of the translations were also furnished to the Florida Historical Society, and documents that have been translated are so noted on Manucy's calendar; and all translations that were available at the time (588 documents) appear on reel NC 24 of the National Park Service microfilm.

APPENDIX

<u>Archival Agency</u>	<u>Number of Documents</u>
AI: Archives of the Indies, Seville	1143
PC: Papeles de Cuba, Seville	659
AH: Archivo Historico, Madrid	41
AS: Archivo, Simancas	39
Esb. Cam. Escribania de Camera	7
BN: Biblioteca Nacional, Madrid	<u>6</u>
	1895

[COPIES OF] SPANISH RECORDS IN THE NORTH CAROLINA STATE ARCHIVES,
1566-1800. (cont'd)

Copies of Records from the Archivo General de Indias, Seville,
1566-1759

<u>Box No.</u>	<u>Contents</u>
1.1	<u>Coronas</u> Document, 1566 (32pp.)

An account by scribe Pedro de Salazar of the expedition led by Captain Pedro de Coronas in the ship Trinidad which sailed north from San Mateo on the St. Johns River on August 2, 1566, with 15 soldiers to establish a fort, 2 Dominicans to convert Indians, and an Indian (Don Luis) who had promised that in his home land, between 36° and 39° latitude, the Indians would welcome the Spaniards and embrace Christianity. Storms and hurricanes harrassed the expedition; although it did land, explore, and plant a cross of tree branches on the coast of North Carolina, claiming the land for Spain (August 24-28), probably in the Currituck Sound area. They saw no Indians and Don Luis did not recognize the area. They went on to the vicinity of Chincoteague Bay off the Maryland-Virginia coast where Don Luis did recognize the land (September 3); however, a fierce land wind forced the ship out to sea and ultimately to a decision to sail for Spain. Photostat. 32 pages. Translation, 26 typescript pages, author unknown, n.d.

Transcription of the Coronas Document, 1566, from copy in the Library of Congress, 34 carbon typescript pages. According to the North Carolina Historical Commission Biennial Report, 1916-1918, this transcription was sent by Dr. J. F. Jameson, Carnegie Institute, Washington, D. C. A translation of 30 pages was made by James A. Robertson for the Historical Commission.¹ Note: The final 4-5 pages of this transcription and translation have some additional material written October 23, 1566, after the Trinidad had returned to Cadiz, consisting mainly of a summary of the expedition.

See: L. A. Vigernas, "A Spanish Discovery of North Carolina in 1566," North Carolina Historical Review, Autumn, 1969, 398-407.

¹ Dr. James A. Robertson (1873-1939) worked at the Carnegie Institution in Washington (1909-1910) where he compiled a List of Documents in the Spanish Archives Relating to the History of the United States.

[COPIES OF] SPANISH RECORDS IN THE NORTH CAROLINA STATE ARCHIVES,
1566-1800. (cont'd)

Copies of Records from the Archivo General de Indias, Seville,
 1566-1759 (cont'd)

Box No. Contents

1.1 Bandera Document, 1569 (285pp.)*1 **2
 (cont'd)

This is an account of Juan Pardo's expedition (by scribe Juan de la Bandera) which left Santa Helena (Parris Island, S.C.) September 1, 1567, to find an overland route through Florida to New Spain (Mexico). In the party were 120 soldiers and a French interpreter (William Ruffin) to deal with the Indians. Although there are 285 pages of photostats to this account, the translation covers only the first portion of 71 pages.

Brief versions of the expedition by Juan Pardo, Juan de la Bandera, and another member of the party Francisco Martinez, were translated and published by Herbert E. Ketcham, "Three Sixteenth Century Spanish Chronicles Relating to Georgia," The Georgia Historical Quarterly, Vol. 38, 1954, 66-82. [Dr. Ketcham's reference in this article to 900 pages, rather than 285 pages, for the Bandera Document has not been reconciled.]

1.2	1648-1659
2	1660-1670
3	1671-1674
4	1675-1679
5	1680-1682
6	1683-1684
7	1685
8	1686-1687
9	1688-1689
10	1690-1692

*See remarks of Dr. John J. TePaske in attached report of 11 January 1980 concerning the completeness of the 71-page Bandera Document.

**See The Juan Pardo Expeditions; exploration of the Carolinas and Tennessee, 1566-1658, by Charles Hudson; With Documents relating to the Pardo Expeditions ... translated by Paul E. Hoffman. (Wash.: Smithsonian, 1990)

[COPIES OF] SPANISH RECORDS IN THE NORTH CAROLINA STATE ARCHIVES,
1566-1800. (cont'd)

Copies of Records from the Archivo General de Indias, Seville,
1566-1759 (cont'd)

<u>Box No.</u>	<u>Contents</u>
11	1693-1699
12	1700-1703
13	1704-1705
14	1706-1707
15	1708-1709
16	1710-1714
17	1715-1716
18	1717-1720
19	1721
20	1722-1725
21	1726-1734
22	1735-1737
23	1738-1744
24	1745-1755
25	1756-1759, n.d.

Copies of Records from the Papeles de Cuba (Archivo General de
Indias, Seville), 1777-1800

26	1777-1787
27	1788-1790
28	1791-1792
29	1793 - August 1794

[COPIES OF] SPANISH RECORDS IN THE NORTH CAROLINA STATE ARCHIVES,
1566-1800. (cont'd)

Copies of Records from the Papeles de Cuba (Archivo General de Indias, Seville), 1777-1800. (cont'd)

<u>Box No.</u>	<u>Contents</u>
30	September 1794 - April 1795
31	August 1797 - September 1797
32	October 1795 - 1800 Miscellaneous No Date

Copies of Records from the Archivo Historico Nacional, Madrid.

33	1785-1794 No Date
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Copies of Records from the General de Simancas and the Biblioteca Nacional, Madrid.

34	1790-1796, Archivo General de Simancas 1786-1792, Biblioteca Nacional
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Extra Carbons

35	Archivo General de Indias, 1570-1728 Papeles de Cuba, 1777-1798 Archivo Historico Nacional, 1785-1794
36	Archivo Historico Nacional, 1785-1794 Biblioteca Nacional, 1786-1792

Miscellaneous

37	<u>Calendar of the Spanish Records of the North Carolina State Department of Archives and History (1566-1796)</u> , by Albert C. Manucy, Historical Technician, Castillo de San Marcos National Monument, St. Augustine, Florida, 1946. Xero-graphic print from microfilm.
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Most of the documents on this calendar are from the Archives of the Indies, Seville; however, not all documents have been calendared, whether the selective process was on a basis of subject matter or to avoid repetition is not known. A few documents (1785-1796) from repositories other than Seville are on the calendar.

Enclosures are listed on the calendar under own date but the photostatic copies of enclosures are filed in folder with the covering letter.

[COPIES OF] SPANISH RECORDS IN THE NORTH CAROLINA STATE ARCHIVES,
1566-1800. (cont'd)

Miscellaneous (cont'd)

Box No. Contents

37
(cont'd) [Calendar] List of the Papeles Procedentes de Cuba (Cuban Papers) in the Archives of the North Carolina Historical Commission, prepared by Ruth Kuykendall for the North Carolina Historical Records Survey, Works Project Administration, Raleigh, June, 1942.

Additional Notes and Entries Relating to the List (above), by Albert C. Manucy, December, 1945. [177 Additional entries]

Note: Both the Manucy Calendar and the Kuykendall Calendar with Manucy's additions, as described above, are on microfilm reel Z.5.5P in the Search Room.

[Calendar] Spanish Documents in the North Carolina Historical Commission Archives, by H. C. Gregory, Cumberland, Maryland, 1935. [No biographical information on author]

[Calendar] Reports and Letters of Irene A. Wright, Seville, to the North Carolina Historical Commission, 1925-1926. Abstracts, 1653-1726 [passim], about half are in Spanish. Also photograph of "search room" in the Archives of the Indies, Seville, showing Miss Wright and other patrons, summer, 1925 [negative on file].

Plans for forts, enlarged photostats

1. 1678[?] (54-5-11). "Presidio de S. Agustin"
2. March 6, 1689 (58-1-26/62). "Fort in Apalache"
3. December 15, 1680 (54-5-11/74). The "castillo"
4. October 7, 1682 (58-1-26/73). "Apalache fort"
5. June 8, 1690 (54-5-12/116). "casa fuerte in Apalachicoli"
6. December 12, 1691 (54-5-13/27). "Castillo de Guale"
7. April 10, 1692 (54-5-13/32). "casa fuerte of Apalachecolo"
8. May [26?], 1706 (58-2-7). "San Luis in Apalache"
9. August 3, 1718 (58-1-30/18). "Fort San Marcos at Apalache"

[COPIES OF] SPANISH RECORDS IN THE NORTH CAROLINA STATE ARCHIVES,
1566-1800. (cont'd)

Copies of Records from the General de Simancas and the Biblioteca Nacional, Madrid. (cont'd)

Miscellaneous (cont'd)

Box No. Contents

38 "Florida History (1650-1750) in the Spanish Records of North Carolina State Department of Archives and History," by Albert C. Manucy, The Florida Historical Quarterly, Part I, Vol. XXV, No. 4, April, 1947; Part II, Vol. XXVI, No. 1, July, 1947.

"Papers from the Spanish Archives Relating to Tennessee and the Old Southwest," by D. C. and Roberta Corbitt [not D. L. Corbitt of the N. C. State Archives], The East Tennessee Historical Society's Publications, No. 9, 1937; No. 34, 1962; No. 35, 1963.

ADDITION: Translations of ca. 80 Spanish documents, 1654-1759, 1795, by Dr. Lucy Leinbach Wenhold, formerly head of Modern Language Department, Salem College. Purchased, 1976. A preliminary comparison indicates that many of these translations are already in the N. C. State Archives.

ADDITION: Two small reels of microfilm on Spanish explorations in North Carolina purchased by N. C. Museum of History in 1967 from Archivo General de Indias, Seville. Translations by Alexjandro Martinez, Department of Modern Languages, N.C. State University, 1969. Includes report of Hernando de Soto's explorations of 1539-1543 which touched in the southwestern mountains of North Carolina, as well as a report (1561) which advises the King against further explorations of the east coast, especially mentioning the unprofitable expeditions at Santa Helena Cape and river (33°), Canoe River (35°), and Trafalgar Cape.

Note: See William P. Cumming, "An Introductory Essay," The Southeast in Early Maps (Princeton, N.J.: Princeton University Press, 1958). Also footnote re most scholarly study of DeSoto (Final Report of U.S. DeSoto Expedition Commission, 1939).

[COPIES OF] SPANISH RECORDS IN THE NORTH CAROLINA STATE ARCHIVES,
1566-1800. (cont'd)

Additional Notes:

- (1) The following paragraphs are from The Guide to the Manuscript Collections in the Archives of the North Carolina Historical Commission, 1942:

Documents from the Archives of the Indies, Seville (1566-1759)

In the documents covering the years from 1650 to 1759 few places are referred to other than Saint Augustine and its outlying posts such as Apalache, Apalachicola, Matanzas, San Marcos, Santa Elena, and Santa Maria, which are mentioned in connection with their relations with the Indians and the English from the Carolinas and Georgia. There are also occasional references to San Jorge. Few persons mentioned in these records are important, with the exception of the governors of the province of Florida, such as Pero Menéndez de Avilés, Diego de Rebolledo, Francisco del Moral Sanchez, and Manuel de Montiano.

Cuban Papers from the Archives of the Indies, Seville (1777-1800)

These papers, which have New Orleans as their base, concern that city, Natchez, Walnut Hills (Nogales), Pensacola, Mobile, Saint Augustine, Baton Rouge, Muscle Shoals, Nashville, Knoxville, and Lexington. There is also occasional mention of Detroit, Charleston, Fort Pitt, Vincennes, Philadelphia, and New York. Among the persons mentioned here are William Blount, William Augustus Bowles, Baron de Carondelet, Elijah Clarke, M. Genet, Patrick Henry, Thomas Jefferson, Manuel Gayoso de Lemos, Alexander McGillivray, Estevan Miro, James O'Fallon, William Panton, Thomas Pinckney, James Robertson, George Washington, Anthony Wayne, and James Wilkinson.

- (2) In a 1968 letter the state archivist of North Carolina made the following estimate of the amount of North Carolina-related material in these Spanish records: ". . . I would guess that probably less than ten per cent of these can be related immediately to North Carolina. Florida, Alabama, south Georgia, Mississippi, and Louisiana are well represented; there are a number of documents rather closely related to Tennessee (which was, of course, North Carolina in the years covered by most of these records)."

[LIST OF THE
 [PAPELES PROCEDENTES DE CUBA
 [CUBAN PAPERS]
 [IN THE
 [ARCHIVES OF THE
 [NORTH CAROLINA HISTORICAL COMMISSION

[1]	Patrick Henry, Governor of the Commonwealth of Virginia,
1777	Williamsburg, Va. To "The Governor in Chief of Louisiana"
Oct. 18	[Bernardo de Galvez], New Orleans. Expresses appreciation for
	reception of Mr. Gibson and for merchandise furnished; asks
	how restitution can be made, Ph. of L. S. 3 pp. P. C. 2370.
[2]	Th[oma]s Jefferson [Governor of Virginia], Williamsburg,
1779	Va. To [Bernardo de Galvez, Governor of Louisiana, New Or-
Nov.8	leans]. States that settlements on Mississippi River would
	in another year "render their trade an object of your attention
	at Now Orleans"; the army necessary to protect these settlers
	has contracted a large debt for supplies at New Orleans with
	Mr. Pollock and a loan is requested to pay him; establishment
	of ports on American and Spanish side of Mississippi River
	near mouth of Ohio River for the "aggrandizement of commerce".
	Ph. of L. S. 3 pp. P. Co 2370.
[?]	References report of 15 July 1739 [pencilled in]
[3]	Manuel Gayoso de Lemos, Natchez. To [Esteban Miro New
1784	Orleans]. Information concerning cultivation, curing, and
Aug. 12	price of tobacco; recommendations covering the establishment
	of a system of inspection. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 41;-1.
[4]	Arturo O'Neill, Pensacola [Fla.]. To Esteban [Govern-
1785	or of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Ken being sent to repel possi-
June 26	ble attack on fort of Natchez by Americans, who claim that
	territory; promised recruits from Europe have not arrived. Ph.
	of L. S. 4 pp. P. C. 37; 1.
[5]	Arturo O'Neill, Pensacola [Fla.]. To Esteban Miro [Govern-
1785	or of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Pedro Fabrot requests reinforce-
June 28	ments to protect district of Movila against the United States;
	Alexander McGillevray to be called in for news of alleged in-
	sults from the United States. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 2.
[6]	Arturo O'Neill, Penzacolo [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Conde
1785	do Galvez, quotes letter received from Col. Dn Esteban Miro:

July 8	Alexander MacGillbray [MacGillvray] and others report that fort at <u>Natchez</u> . is to be attacked; boundaries of Georgia; gives military plans for reinforcing Natchez and resisting attack; plans to use Indians to "infuse terror into the frontiers of Georgia and Carolina". Ph. of L. S. 7 pp. P. C. 37; 33.
[7] 1785	Arturo O'Neill, Penzacola [Pensacola, Fla.], To Conde de Galvez, [Mexico?]. Learned from the Chee and Cherokee nations that the feared attack on Fort of Natchez was a "supposition".
July 21	Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 34.
[8] 1785	Testimonials against Lorence [Lawrence?]. (1) John Cole, Americans of the county of Halifax, province of North Carolina.
July 29	Before Santiago de la Sausaye Scribe, Mobile. Declaration. In March 1784 left Pensacola to go to the Choctaws to a relative named James Cole; in the Talapuches district was attacked by two white men who robbed him of his horse and all his possessions, including, two young Negro slaves with him; was told that two men, Lawrence and Betts, were seen with the two slaves in that region. Ph. of D. P. C. 198; 3.
[9] 1785	Testimonials against Lorence [Laurence]. (2) Richard Barow, of Tinsas. Before Santiago do la. Sausage [Sausaye],
Aug. 3	Scribe, Mobile, Witness: Chassance, the Younger. Declarations. In regard to theft made from John Cole of the Negroes and good; stated he knew Lawrence to be a thief and criminal.; that Thomas Betts was in plot, and that he knew of many instances of crime committed by Lawrence and could produce witnesses, and gave names of several. Ph. of D. P. C. 198; 3.
[10] 1786	Testimonials against Lorence [Lawrence]. (3) Samuel Maree and Francis his son. Before Santiago de Sausages [Sausaye], Scribe, Mobile. Witness: Chassance. Declaration, Concerning theft mentioned by Joan Coles [John Cole], he did not know of that theft but knew much of Lawrence and had "perfect knowledge" of pillage committed at house of Frederick Reister in Georgia, as he was a neighbor; afterwards he saw Lawrence and James Pyburn with the goods and Negro they had stolen, and reported it to the Captain of the Militia; thought the Negro and some or the property was returned to Roister. Document signed "mark of the Father, the declarer". Ph. of D. P. C. 198; 3.
Aug. 3	
[11] 1785	Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Conde de Galvez. Antonio Garzon, interpreter for the Creek nations and

Aug. 7	Alexander MacGillivray have returned with the news that only small numbers of men were recruited in Carolina or Georgia; as a further protection or Natchez, Creek and Chee nations should be persuaded not to lot Americans pass through their country. Ph. of L. Be 3 pp. P. C. 37; 35.
[12] 1785 Aug. 19	Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola Fla.]. To Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana., New Orleans]. Arrest of Tomas Brin as a rebel; discord among, inhabitants of Natchea; report of Alexander McGillevray on departure of settlers for newly established Bourbon County, Ga., who are likely to "break with our Monach" and attack Fort Natchez. Ph. of L. S. 3 pp. P. C. 37; .39
[13] 1785 Sept. 4	Arturo O'Neill, Pensacola [Fla.]. To Conde de Galvez, Governor. Encloses trade agreement with Chee Chowtaw, Cherokee, and Creek nations as received from Alexander MacGillevray; continuation of trade with these nations necessary or they will "embrace the protection which the Americans offer". Ph. of L. S. 3 pp. P. C. 37; 36.
[14] 1785 Sept. 22	Conde do Galvez, Viceroy of Mexico, Mexico. To Arturo O'Neill, Governor of Florida , Pensacola, Fla. Replying to letter of July 21, giving information that attack on fort at Natchez was unlikely; warning, however, that steps be taken to protect the fort, in view of the "treachery with which these Americans proceed". Ph. of [2 pp. P. C. 37; 34.
[15] 1785 Nov. 5	Arturo O'Neill, Panz. [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Condo de Galvez [Mexico]. rumored . that internal provinces of Mexico will unite with "Your Excellency's vicerealty"; asks that he be appointed lieutenant governor of this territory; gives his past accomplishments as recommendations Ph. of L. S. 4 pp. P. C. 37; 37.
[16] 1786 Jan, 19	Arturo O'Neill, Governor of West Florida, Pensacola [Fla.]. To Conde de Galvaz [Viceroy of Mexico]. Encloses copy or letter in French from Juan Coronol, an interpreter in the Congress "who is much opposed to Americans"; hopes to Gain further news through Alexander MacGillevray; copy of letter also to Dn Esteban Miro. Ph. of [So 2 pp. P. C. 37; 38. Enclosure: N. D. Reports arrival from Philadelphia of man who left there with General La Schille, who left for Yuintoque to take command of 10,000 men. Ph. of L. 4 pp. P. C. 37; 38 [1].

[17]	[Esteban Miro, Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans, To
1786	Arturo O'Neill [Pensacola, Fla.]. Has ordered Pedro Fabrot,
Jan. 26	commandant of Movila, to admit no more inhabitants into Timas or
	Tombebek; will destroy any plans the Americans attempt. Ph.
	of L. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 4.
[18]	[Conde do Galvez, Viceroy of Mexico] Mexico. To [A.
1786	O'Neill], Governor., Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. Notes enclos-
Mar. 16	ure in letter of Jan, 19, of advice from Juan Coronel, English-
	man, that next spring an American general with 10,000 men will
	go to Nov Orleans; proper use will be made of this information.
	Ph. of L. 1 P. P. C. 37; 38 [2].
[19]	Arturo O'Neil, Governor of West Florida, Panzacole [Pensa-
1786	cola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Or-
Mar. 26	leans]. Encloses letter from Alexander McGillevray, commissary
	of Indians, concerning disagreements between State of Georgia and
	Creek Indians. Ph. of L. S. 2(?5) pp. P. C. 37; 5.
[20]	Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. To
1786	Arturo O'Neill, [Pensacola, Fla.?]. Suggests surreptitious aid
Apr. 20	to Talapuche Indians against the Americans to prevent their
	"usurping their hunting lands". Ph. of L. S. 4 pp.
	P. C. 4; 14.
[21]	Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Conde de
1786	Galvez, "Negotiations of our court with the United States"
May 4	Congress concerning "the desire of the State of Georgia to be
	given the fort of Natchez". Ph. of L. S. 3 pp, P. C. 37; 39.
[22]	Esteban Miro, New Orleans. To Carlos de Grand-Pre [Natchez].
1786	Refers to declaration of one Smith, in service of
May 11	Miguel Lopez; asks that the man from Santiago, Almstron
	[Armstrong], if captured, be sent to him; approves judgment
	taken in case of the mulatto, Nel[l]y and oath given by
	Samuel Smith; notes news from crew of the Lt. Col. Mongo Mery;
	states rumor from Cumberland without foundation. Ph. of L. S.
	2 pp, P. C. 4; 2.
[23]	Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Estoban
1786	Miro [Governor of Louisian, New Orleans]. Alexander Gillev
May 23	ray, commissary of the Creek Indians to go to New Orleans to
	inform Miro of Indian affairs and the driving of the new
	American settlers from their land. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C.

	37; 6.
[24] 1786 June 20	[Esteban Miro, Governor of Louisiana , New Orleans. To Arturo O'Neill [Pensacola, Fla.]. Alexander MacGillevray to be furnished with balls and powder which whould be placed in Mr. Panton's storehouse and distributed secretly to the Indians. Ph. of L. 3 pp. P. C. 37; 7.
[25] 1786 June 20	Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana New Orleans. To Arturo O'Neill [Governor of West Florida], Very Confidential. Dn Alexander MacGillevray begs an additional 5,000 lbs. of powder with corresponding balls; should be delivered with all possible secrecy; possibly best to store munitions with Mr. Panton "(if trustworthy man)" and have Indians remove them in small quantities so as not to be suspected; use other methods if considered more practical; MacGillivray's receipt to be data for storehouse guard. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 1445; 1.
[26] 1786 July 6	Estaban Miro [Governor of Louisian] I New Orleans. Arturo O'Neill [Pensacola, Fl.]. Carlos de Grand-Pre, commandant of of Natchez, has written that the report should be verified that armies under Brigadier General [Elijah] Clark[e], General [Nathanael] Green[e], and some Colonel had united at the head of the Tenezy [Tennessee?] River to march against the Creeks of Talapuches. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. (4 pp?) P. C. 4; 3; 37; 8.
[27] 1786 July 12	Esteban Miro [governor of Louisian]. New Orleans.To Arturo O'Neill [Pensacola, Fla.]. News of Occurrences between Americans and Talapuche Indians; no expedition Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 4; 11.
[28] 1786 July 21	Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Estaban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Replies to letter of June 20 regarding ammunition requested by Dn Alexander MacGillevray; promises to proceed with great care and secrecy. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 7.
[29] 1786 July 21	Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Will transmit the true news of your letter of July 12 to Alexander MacGillevray in order to contradict the former rumor from commandment of Natchez. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 8.
[30] 1786	Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Estaban Miro [Governor of Louisiana]. Encloses copy of letter (No. 1)

Aug. 29	from Daniel McMurphy, who claims to be the agent of Georgia near the Creek nations; Indians instructed not to recognize him as Georgia agent; thinks Dn Enrique Roche, commissary, should reply "dissemblingly" in regard to "what falls to me" as well as the treaty of the Indiana; plans that the Pour towns in sympathy with Americans, Casita, Talecy, Chavacle, and Afasqui, and other neutral may meet at Toquibache at home of the Indian Mad Dog and, with Dn Macgillevray, decide their own matters freely. Copy of this to Conde de Galvez, Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 9.
	[Note] New Copies of the instructions in English of Alexander MacGillevray sent to 'King Cowetas according to the certification of Daniel McMurphy, who sent a copy of them to the Governor of Panzacola, as was expressed on arrival. 6 pp. P. C. 37; 10. [English.]
[31] 1786 Sept. 18	Arturo O'Neill. Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana New Orleans]. Encloses letter from MacGillevray, who stated previously "Your Excellency" had promised him 5,000 lbs. of powder, with balls and gun flints in proportion; Mad Dog left a launch for use in helping the Indians I defense from American cavalry; thinks Indians will win but Americans will be hard to overcom. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp, P. C. 37; 11. [One page following this in English.]
[32] 1786 Oct, 6	Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. To Arturo O'Neill [Governor of West Florida, Pensacola]. Concerns lances requested by Alexander , -acGillevray; quotes from letter of Conde de Galvez, warning that ammunition promised Indians must be distributed secretly "without compromising us...with the Americans"; believes request for lancet; should be ignored for the present. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 4; 10.
[33] 1786 Oct. 18	Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. To Arturo O'Neill [Pensacola, Fla.]. Brands as false news in letter of 13th as to capture of English post of Ylinoa [Illinois] by Colonel Clark; supplies for Indians to be handled more discreetly; close co-operation necessary in order that no contradictions be found in "our" letters before the congress of the United States. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 4; 9.
[34] 1786 Nov. 2	Vic[en]te Manuel de Cespedes [Zespedes?] Governor of East Florida. Saint Augustine, fla. To Arturo O'Neille [O'Neill]. Advises of news through New York paper received Oct. 23, that a state of anarchy exists in northern towns, especially in

	Massachusetts there being, an effort to suspend the courts; also received information that Georgia is trying to raise 1,500 men to intimidate the Creeks; "half-breed", Alexander MacGillevray has been notified of this. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 40; 3.
[35] 1786 Nov. 8	Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola Pensacola, Fla.], To Conde de Galvez. Encloses correspondence of Alexander MacGillevray and Georgia commissaries relative to disagreements between -the Creek nations and Americans' states Don Esteban Miro declines responsibility in matters to Talapuche nation; refers to misunderstandings on this subject between Miro and himself. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 40. [There follow three letters in English which he mentions in this one.] (9 pp.)
[36] 1786 Nov. 16	Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miro [New Orleans]. Encloses letter from Alexander MacGillevray dated Oct. 50, giving plans of "Georgians of America" to attack the Creek Indians and his intention to support the Indians; refers to Indian treaty with Americans; rumors are that Brigadier Twige and Colonel Clarke command 1,500 men on Oconee River, and Horton commands 200 who wish to prevent the Cherokees from uniting with the Creeks; states American camps are fortified me of L. S. 2 pp, P. Co 37; 12.
[37] 1786 Dec. 20	Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.] To Conde de Galvez. Encloses letter dated Nov. 9 from Alexander Macgillevray, which states that Indians gathered at Congress held for them by Americans were arrested and made prisoners instead of rewarded. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 41. [There follows letter cited here.] (4 pp.)
[38] 1786 Dec. 20	James Wilkinson, District of Kentook [Kentucky] , To Governor of St. Louis. Denies outrage against property of Spanish merchant by people of Post Vincennes; responsible party was General Clark, a discharged military officer; matter has been reported to the Governor; as Clark is under Virginia jurisdiction there is no present recourse except a court of law; states that more urgent matter is that Colonel Green plans to attach Natchez in springs bearer of letter, Captain Carberry, is recommended for his integrity and loyalty. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 199; 29
[39]	Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban

1786 Dec. 29	Miro [New Orleans]. acknowledges receipt of letter transmitting the royal decree of His Majesty granting permission to House of Panton and Lesley to live in Saint Augustine, Fla., for trade with Indians, under condition of taking oath of fidelity and obedience; oath to be taken by all English families living in Florida; assurance to Indians that the royal wish is to protect them. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp, P. C. 37; 13.
[40] 1767 Feb. 15	Arturo O'Neill, Pensacola [Fla.]. To Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Encloses MacGillevrays letter from new home on Alabama River; he seems disturbed over activities of one McMurphy and says that for his and the Creeks' defense it will be necessary for him "to scalp McMurphy"; O'Neill suggests that McMurphy be driven from coast before further trouble arises. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 14.
[41] 1787 Feb. 17	Arturo O'Neill, Pensacola [Fla.]. To Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans), concerns disagreements between MacGillivray and his sister's husband, Carlos Wetherford. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 15.
[42] 1787 Mar. 1	Arturo O'Neill, Pensacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Because of threats of Americans and others against his life, Alexander Macgillivray is uneasy; requests guns for use in his defense. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp, P. C. 37; 16.
[43] 1787 Mar, 9	Vic-te Man-l de Cespedes [Vicente Manuel, Governor of East Florida]. St. Augustine, Fla. To Arturo O'Neill [Pensacola, Fla.], Has sent to the court the translation of the Treaty of Peace concluded Nov. 3, in the Congress hold at the Spring of Shoulderbone on the Olfonee River, and of the discussion which preceded it; clear that Georgians work against MacGillivray and his partisans; fears result of false rumors against "our half-breed". Ph. of L. So 3 pp. P. C. 40; 2.
[44] 1787 Mar. 21	Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Thinks prison sentence of Carlos Wetherford just; numerous thefts of his are known; much complaint, as justice of the peace forged names to petition favoring Wetherford. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 15 (2). [There follows petition in English from above justice, Mr. Linder, and the cited list of names. 4 pp.]
[45]	Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. To

1787 Mar. 24	Arturo O'Neill [Pensacola, Fla.]. Very Confidential, Thinks it unwise to attack this spring, as we could not resist combination of provinces; if boundary dispute is not settled, we may make common cause against United States; matter too delicate for letter, call Macgillivray for conference; distribute 100 guns not to be used until spring, unless attacked. Ph. of L. S. 4 pp. P. C. 4; 6.
[46] 1787 Mar. 30	Arturo O'Neill Panzacola (Pensacola, Fla.), To Esteban Miro (Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans). Macgillivray told to arrest McMurphy if in our territory, but that "We ought not to agree to his scalping people"; need of a translator or interpreter of orders. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 17.
[47] 1787 Apr. 26	Arturo O'Neill, Pensacola, [Fla.]. To Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana New Orleans]. Requests [Miro] to evaluate costs of trial in Wetherford case, as charges were considered exorbitant; recommends a schedule of charges be made to use as a model it all cases. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 15 (1).
[48] 1787 Apr. 27	Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Hears that Congress of United States has appointed Colonel White to confer with Macgillivray and the Creeks in Cavita; as this is Spanish territory, suggests that interpreter Antonio Garzon, go to Cavita to report on meeting and to speak with MacGillivray. Ph. of L. S. 3 pp. P. C. 37; 18.
[49] 1787 May 5	Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Notes instruction regarding gifts of Suns and powder to Indians, and warning in respect to the commissary of Indians; MacGilbray [MacGillivray] sends report on assembly of Lower Creek and Seminole Indians by king of Talcey, who has not yet arrived. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 19.
[50] 1787 May 16	Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana. New Orleans]. Encloses paper in English presented by William Panton as substitute for the "oath of fidelity" prepared by royal order, and requests instructions. Ph. of L. S. 2 p. P. C. 37; 20. Enclosure: Paper in English by Panton. Ph. of A. D. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 20.
[51] 1787	Esteban Miro Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans, To Arturo O'Neill [Pensacola, Fla.], Desires "impatiently" to know

May 18	results of Creek and Seminole assembly; supposes that Cherokee king, chief, and warriors have been cordially welcomed for their loyalty to "our monarch". Ph. of L. S. 1 pp. P. C. 4; 5.
[52] 1787	Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. To Carlos de Grand-Pre. Notes arrival of Conrad Young with passport from Cumberland; also that the three with him were required to take the oath of fidelity. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 4; 8.
May 21	
[53] 1787	Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. Will send Antonio Garzon, to tell McGillbray [MacGillivray] of the powder and guns presented to the Indians; Garzon, instructed to inform himself as to the treaty between the Indians, McGillby [MacGillivray], and Colonel White; thinks [MacGillivray] should not have so much authority, Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 21.
May 21	
[54] 1787	Arturo O Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Encloses copy of report of f McGillbray [MacGillivray] on agreement of low Creeks and Seminoles at meeting with Colonel White; arranges to give presents to Cherokee Indians. Ph. of L. S. 1 pp. P. C. 37; 22.
June 2	
[55] 1787	Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana]] New Orleans. Received copy of complaint of Chee end Choctaw nations against tariff on furs at Movilla; rumors that Creeks refused to lot Choctaws pass through their lands to trade in Georgia; think agents may be able to arrange matters between merchants and Indians. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. Co 37; 23.
June 8	
[56] 1787	Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.], To Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana New Orleans]. Confidential. Fears McGillbray's [MacGillivray's acting as delegate in the Indian and American assemblies under our protection but on his own authority may result in harm; believes he is pro-British; desires to know decision of the Toquibache assembly. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 24.
June 16	
[57] 1787	Governor [Esteban Miro], New Orleans. To Alexander McGillivray. Received report of occurrences in Creek nation; will transmit news you desire to Governor O'Neill; informs of establishing a fort at San Marcos in Apalache for protection of Indians, Ph. of L. P. C. 200; 6.
July 12	

[58]	Estaban Miro [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. To
1787	Arturo O'Neill [Pensacola, Fla.];. Confidential. McGillevray
July 16	[McGillivray] wishes an additional 1000 lbs. of powder in order
	to give each warrior 1 lb.; have written that orders have been
	given to supply him; seems necessary to satisfy him; use all
	possible secrecy in carrying out this request. Ph. of L. S.
	2 pp. P. C. 4; 7.
[59]	Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola Fla.]. To Esteban
1787	Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Confidential.
Aug. 3	Gifts of arms and ammunition cannot be made secretly, as they
	are in the royal magazine and removal is checked by many of-
	ficials; Indians boast of our protection, and America complain
	of our liberality; have no means of communication with McGillev-
	ray [McGillivray]; orders in English will be passed on to him.
	Ph. of L. S. 4 pp. P. C. 37; 25 and 26.
[60]	Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, fla.]. To Esteban
	1787 Miro [Governor of Louisiana, Pew Orleans]. Letter from
Aug. 3	Magilberay [Mcgillivray] reports killing of American named
	Davenport by Creeks; [O'Neill] suggests to again seek friend
	Ship with Creeks, and put commerce of Mobile on a firm foot
	ing; informed a Creek chief with 100 warriors., and carrying
	Spanish flag, has gone against Cumberland. Ph. of L. S.
	P. Co 37; 27.
	Enclosure: Letter in English from McG[illivray] to O'Neill,
	Ph. of L. 1 P. P. C. 37; 28.
[61]	Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans.], To
1787	Arturo O'Neill [Pensacola, Fla. [Received from several sources
Aug. 12	notice of death of Davenport, and attack on American settlement;
	also informed of Indian plans against Cumberland. Ph. of L. S.
	2 pp. P. C. 4; 4.
[62]	Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. To
1787	Arturo O'Neill [Pensacola, Fla.]. Concerns distribution of
Aug. 14	powder to the Indians; any American protest will be answered
	by saying: "I cannot deprive the Indians of their existence,
	since they live by the chase and dress themselves from their
	produce", Ph. of L. S. 3 pp. P. C. 4; 13.
[63]	Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola Fla.]. To Esteban
1787	Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Indians in league
Sept, 17	against Americans to avenge 11 murders by Georgians; request

	from McGilbray [McGillivray] that powder and balls be given king of Talacey and other chief was granted; Antonio Garzon has arrived without further news. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 29.
[64] 1787 Oct. 6	Arturo O'Neill, Pensacola [Fla.]. To Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Confidential. McGilbray [McGillivray] informs O'Neill that many Indians have gone out against Americans; further instructions asked as to distribution of ammunition in case great numbers of Indians come for help. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 30.
[65] 1787 Oct. 19	Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola Pensacola Fla.]. To Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Confidential. Indian chief assures McGilbray [McGillivray] that Americans have abandoned Cumberland settlement and retired to the Callamak; Indians at Pensacola fear Americans are uniting for joint attack and are clamoring for more ammunition; asks instructions. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 3?.
[66] 1787 Nov. 6	Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. To Arturo O'Neill [Pensacola, Fla.]. Confidential. Answers letters of Oct. 6 and 19 regarding Talapuche Indians; approves distribution of ammunition to the six villages; has written the Captain General Josephe de Eipeleta for orders, but in the meantime those Indians who really need it are to be supplied. Ph. of L. S. 4 pp. P. C. 4; 12.
[67] 1787 Nov. 28	Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans: Reports that Chief Nini Wachiche and his troops were in battle with Brigadier General White's troops at Georgia border; Americans very much alarmed and are said to be marching in two divisions to destroy Indian villages. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 32.
[68] 1788 June 15	[?], New Orleans. To [Antonio] Valdes. 21. Encloses translation of letter to O'Neill by McGillivray. Commissary of the Talapuche nation; giving news of unrest in Cumberland and Kentucky; rumor of alliance with English in Canada is false; requests <i>instructions</i> in case deputies come from Cumberland, Ph. of L. P. C. 177. Enclosure: 1788, April 25. Translation. Alexander McGillivray, Little Talasie, to Auturo] O'Neill, Governor [Pensacola, Fla.]. Reports arrival of deputies from Cumberland and Ken-

	tucky with proposals of alliance with Spain; State of Franklin is separated; North Carolina, has refused to accept Constitution. Ph. of L. P. C. 177.
[69] 1788 July 15	Benjamin Drake. Natchez. To the Governor General. Requests passport to Cumberland and return with his goods for permanent residence. Ph. of L. S. 1 p. P. C. 201; 9.
[70] 1788 July 15	Joan Gaskins, Natchez. To Governor of Louisiana. requests passport to Cumberland and return with his goods for permanent residence. Ph. of L. S. 1 p. P. C. 201; 8.
[71] 1788 Sept. 12	Juan [John] Sevier, Franklin. To [Diego] Gardoqui [charge d'affairs at New York]. States that people are pleased with idea of alliance with Spain; asks for help in form of war Supplies exchanged for raw materials from "state of Franklin"; Requests passport for use in case of travel to Spanish ports. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 177 Trans. (1).
[72] 1788 Dec. 27	Carlos de Grand-Pre' [commandant of Natchez]. Fort Panmur [?], Natchez. To Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Food supplies for garrison. Ph. of L. S. 1 p. P. C. 2370.
[73] 1789 Feb. 28	Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans. To Francisco Cruzat, Discusses distribution of guns and ammunition through MacGillivray; refers to previous correspondence with Captain General Ezpeleta, who authorized help to Talapuches; ammunition. insufficient for number asked; can supply only smaller arms; complaint against Timothy Leane by MacGillivray, Ph. of L. S. 5 pp. P. C. 6; 1. Enclosure: Statement of personnel and supplies of Regiment of Infantry of Louisiana, 3rd Battalion. Ph. of D. S. 2 pp. P. C. 6; 1.
[74] 1789 Feb. 28	Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. To Josef Valliere. Confidential. The King has sent his "royal order" that settlers from Kentucky and other settlements "whose rivers empty into the Ohio" may come and establish themselves, provided that non-Catholics have their religious rites in private; no duty on goods at first entry, except fruits from Kentucky; import tax of 15% on all goods shipped in; urges Valliere to promote commerce and emigration; especially with leather goods, Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 6; 10.

[75]	Diego [James] White, NewOrleans. To Esteban Miro, Govern-
1789	or of Province of Louisiana. Translation No. 2, Diego de
Apr. 18	Gardoqui, Minister of Spain., authorizes [White] to inform
	Americans that Spain will give favorable terms for alliance;
	"Franklin in particular" is assured protection, provided (1)
	they take oath of fidelity to His Catholic Majesty; and (2)
	they abjure authority of any nation, sovereignty or power;
	the people have agreed to these conditions; they believe it
	impossible to live in peace under government of North Carolina;
	Cumberland is given same terms. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 177.
[76]	Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. To
1789	Carlos do Grand-Pre. Warns against promising too much to
Apr. 20	immigrants, lest they be disappointed. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp.
	P. C. 6;13.
[77]	Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans, State-
	1789} ment of conditions for immigration. No. 3. Translation.
Apr. 20	Diego [James] White has been authorized to say to Franklin and
	Cumberland that these favors are only from generosity: (1)
	Permission to settle in Louisiana, free land and duty, on condi-
	tion they take oath of fidelity; (2) Trade concessions on furs,
	tobacco, flour, etc., on payment of 15% duty; (3) No help in
	separation from United States, but aid afterwards. Ph. of D. P. C. 177.
[78]	Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. To
1789	Daniel Smith, Brigadier General. No. 4. Translation. Notes
Apr. 22	letter of March 4, relating to Mr. Fagot; "anxiously awaits"
	results of matter to be taken up in Assembly of North Carolina
	next September; have induced McGillivray to make peace with
	your district; McGillivray says he has promised Governor of
	North Carolina that Creeks will not fight there; honored that
	people of "your district" have named it for me. Ph. of L. S.
	P. C. 177.
[79]	Diego [James] White, New Orleans. To Governor [Esteban
1789	Miro. New Orleans.No. 6. Translation. Requests funds to
Apr. 22	continue trip authorized by Gardoqui. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 177.
[80]	Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. To
1789	[?]. No. 5, To "excite emigration" will be a great service to
Apr. 23	Spain; informs of "new matter" Which regards mission of James
	White to state of Franklin; Cumberland given name of "Miro";

	deputies to go to Assembly of North Carolina to request separation; suggests work be done in accord with Kentucky; has requested purchase of 8 million pounds of tobaccos Ph. of L. P. C. 177.
[81]	[Esteban] Miro [New Orleans]. To Antonio Valdes. No. 37.
1789	Arrival of James White at "this capital" [New Orleans?]; State
Apr., 30	of Franklin working independently of United States; John Sevier's son in prison in North Carolina; post of Illinois also depends on North Carolina though distinct from Franklin; Cumberland changed to Miro" by act of Assembly of North Carolina; deputies will be sent to North Carolina to ask for separation, and, if granted, district will be offered to Spain. Ph. of L. P. C. 177.
	Enclosures: 2 letters in English: (1) James White to Miro, April 1789 - 1 p. (2) McGillivray to Miro, June 12, 1788 - 3 1/2 pp.
[82]	Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. To
1789	Manuel Perez, Approves help given Colonel George Morgan;
June 3	plans for construction of fort and settlement of Ance a la Graisse [Graive?]; sends 30 men with money, supplies, and a large canoe for use at fort. Ph. of L. S. 4 pp. P. C. 6; 13
[83]	Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. To
1789	Mamel Perez. Informed by Colonel Morgan of founding of new
June 4	settlement neat l'Ance A la Graive, giving it name of "New Madrid"; says "spirit of emigration ferments from Cumberland to the Ohio". Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C.6; 80.
[84]	Esteban Miro; [Governor of Louisian, New Orleans]. To Wil-
1789	liam Panton. Notes receipt of letter of June 9. enclosing letter
June 19	of McGillivray, and approves of reply sent him; asserts no Americans are on Indian land; suspects McGillivray of duplicity in his dealings with Spanish officials. Ph. of L. S. 4 pp. P. C. 6; 2.
[85]	Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, Now Orleans). To
1789	Fran[cis]co Cruzat. Confidential. Warns against McGillivray's
June 20	attitude; may be necessary to call a congress of the Talapuches and deal with them directly. Ph, of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 6; 3.
[86]	[Esteban] Miro [Governor of Louisiana], Mr. Conway's house
1789	[Natchez?]. To Man[ue]l Gayoso [do Lemos]. Complains of ir-

July 14	regularities in official correspondence from Havana which leave him in ignorance of plans under his jurisdiction; asks advice as to future reports to the court; wishes information on tobacco crop, and warns against shipping any without previous notice, "on account of the royal exchequer"; states he is in Mr. Conway's house, where he intends to "spend two weeks with Wilkinson". Ph. of L. S. 4 pp. P. C. 6; 9.
[87] 1789	Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana. New Orleans]. To Manuel Gayoso do Lemos. Confidential. Domingo Cabello sends transcript of royal order which your [Gayoso's] journey through Kentucky is approved; thinks such a journey will be injurious to His Majesty's service. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 6; 9.
July 14	
[88] 1789	Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. To Henry white. Confidential, Acknowledges confidential letter enclosing 3 reports: (1) Of arms and ammunitions delivered to Milford; (2) Of stock remaining in magazines of Indies; (3) Of articles requested by Milford but not in stock; thinks Milford's request unwarranted and not to be granted; approves White's taking 400 guns from Panton. of making sacks for powder and balls, and of gifts to Indians. Ph. of L. S. 4 pp. P. C. 6; 11.
Sept. 9	
[89] 1789	Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. To Henry White. Confidential. Concerns delivery of guns to Indians.
Nov. 16	Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 6; 12.
[90] 1790	Filho (New Orleans). To [?]. Concerns plan of Genet [French Minister] to form, a buffer state of German immigrants south of Red River. Ph. of L. P. C. 203; 16.
Apr. 11	
[91] 1790	M[igue]; Lacassagne Louisville, To Tomas Portel, Captain Commandant of Fort Celeste, in district of New Madrid.
Apr. 30	Informs of collapse of Clark's plan of invasion after Genet's replacement; recommends bearer of letter, a chaplain who wishes to join the nuns at St. Genevieve, Ph. of L. S. 203; 149
[92] 1790	Message to Choctaw Nation assuring them of freindship of Spain, and warning against the Americans; replies by 9 Indian chiefs expressing loyalty to Spain and enmity to Americans. Ph. of D. P. C. 203; 9.
July 11	
[93]	Manuel Perez, San Luis, Ill. To Esteban Miro [Governor

1790 Sept. 10	Louisiana]. No, 153, Copy, States Governor St. Clair has withdrawn with his troops to report to Congress; said he would return in spring and bring many families with him; royalists have strong defense at Machilimackinack, as well as on the strait. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 1440; 153.
[94] 1790 Oct. 3	Captain General of Louisiana, Havana [Cuba], To Minister of War. [?]. Reports as still pending the letter from Esteban Miro, Governor of Louisiana, regarding the Yazoo Company, with plans for preventing its success. Ph. of D. P. C. 1484; 1. Enclosures: Letter from Esteban Miro (Governor of Louisiana New Orleans). May 19, 1790. 4 enclosures: (1) Thomas Wasington, Augusta, Georgia, to Juan [John] Cape, Esq. Kentucky, Sept. 20, 1789; (2) Ax. Moultrive [sic], Guillermo Clay Snipes, Is. Huger, to Colo Juan (John) Holder, Kentucky undated; (3) Ax. Moultrivo [sic], Guillermo Clay Snipes, Isaac Huger, to Capt. Juan Cape, October 1, 1789; (4) Jayme [James] Wilkinson, Lexington, Kentucky, to Alexander Moultrive [sic], Isaac Huger, Major William Snipes, and To Washington, Jan. 4, 1790. Ph. of D. P. C. 1484; 1.
[95] 1790 Oct. 6	Esteban Miro (Governor of Louisiana, Now Orleans). To Luis de las Casas (Havana, Cuba). No. 47. Encloses copy of letter from Manuel Perez, Sept, 10, 1790, in which he quotes Gen, James Wilkinson as saying that the expedition against the northwest Indians was to be led by General Havmar or General St. Clair. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 1440; 47.
[96] 1790 Oct. 16	Esteban Miro (Governor of Louisiana. New Orleans). To Luis de las Casas [Havana, Cuba]. No. 48. Concerns terms of peace treaty of August 7, 1790, between the United States of America and the Crook or Talapuche Indians; considers them unsatisfactory; suspects McGillivray of wishing to please both sides. but thinks he can be of use to the Spanish. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 1440; 48.
[97] 1790 Nov. 29	Captain General of Louisiana, Havana (Cuba). To the Minister of War [?]. Confidential. No. 2. Concerns reports and enclosures from Governor of Louisiana regarding the Yazoo Company, the Boundary question. and the August 7 Treaty of Peace. Ph. of D. P. C. 1484; 2.
[98] 1791	Baron de Carondelet, New Orleans, To Manuel Gayoso do Lemos. [Natchez]. Quotes Conde de Florida Blanca as saying that

June 2	O'Fallon plans to go to Yazoo territory, and thence down the Mississippi and take New Orleans; desires information as to strength of Natchez, in case of attack. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 18; 1.
[99] 1791 June 17	Manuel Gayoso de Lomas, Natchez. To Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. No. 4. Concerns defense of Nogales in case of attack in spring by Yazoo Company; requests arms and ammunition both for defense and reassurance of the people. Ph. of L. 8, P. C. 152 (4). Enclosure: Juan [John] Williams, Natchez. To Gayoso de Lemos. Natchez, Jan. 16, 1791, regarding probable invasion of Nogales in spring by Yazoo Company. Ph. of L. S. P.C. 152 (1).
[100] 1791 Mar, 15	Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. To Luis de las Casas [Havana, Cuba], No. 141, Encloses letter from McGillivray, giving report on peace treaty between United States and Creek and Talapuche Indians; thinks he should continue to represent us, as his shrewdness and talent may prove useful. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 1440; 141. Enclosures: Feb, 26, 1791, Alexander McGillivray, Pensacola, to Brigadier Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Replies to latter from [Miro] handed him by Governor O'Neill; thanks him for recommending an allowance; gives particular of signing of peace treaty at New York with the United States. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 1440.
[101] 1791 Mar. 17	Manuel Gayoso do Lemos. Natchez. To Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. No. 34. Tells of rescue of [?]. two Americans, who had come from Ohio in a canoe and were attacked by Indians; "their situation concerned humanity"; they are recovering at his house. Ph. Of L. S. P. C. 41; 20.
[102] 1791 Mar. 18	[Manuel] Gayoso [do Lomas], Natchez. To Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Very Confidential, No. 2. Concerns method of procedure in case Yazoo Company arrives at Nogales. P. of L. P. C. 41; 14.
[103] 1791 Mar. 18	Luis de las Casas [Havana, Cuba]. To [Esteban Miro]. Governor of (Louisiana), New Orleans. Rough draft. Acknowledges letter of Oct. 6, 1780, regarding plans of American posts in Illinois. Ph. of L. P. C. 1440.

[104]	Captain General of Louisiana (Luis do las Casas), Havana
1791	(Cuba), To Minister of War. [?]. concerns last treaty of
Mar. 26	peace between Indians and Americans and best way of meeting
	situation, Ph. of L. P. C. 1484; 4.
[105]	Baron de Carondelet, New Orleans. To Manuel Gayoso (de
1791	Lemos), Natchez. States that "His Majesty" desires to preserve
Mar. 29	post of Nagalos; authorizes secret negotiations with Choctaw
	Indians for cession of land to Spain on payment of their de-
	mands. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 18; 3.
	Enclosure: Feb. 13, 17910 Luis do las Casas Havana. To
	Baron de Carondelet [New Orleans]. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 18; 3
	(1).
[106]	Gayoso do Lemos. Nogales, To Tomas Portall [Commandant
1791	of New Madrid]. Copy. Transmits orders of Governor General
Apr. 16	Esteban Miro, that Diego O'Fallon, agent of South Carolina
	Yazoo Company should be watched and movements reported with
	speed. Ph. of L. P. C. 41; (16).
[107]	Gayoso do Lemos. Nogales. To Esteban Miro (Governor of
1791	Louisiana, New Orleans]. Confidential. No. 3. Concerns plans
Apr. 16	for defense against Yazoo Company; establishment of the post at
	Nogales; friendship of Indians; the tobacco market. Ph. of L.
	P. C. 41; 18.
[108]	Manuel Gayoso de Lemos. Natchez. To Esteban Miro [Governor
1791	of Louisiana, Now Orleans]. 110. 83. States that. Yazoo Company
May 9	had to abandon its purpose to establish a colony at Muscle
	Shoals. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 41; 15.
[109]	Manuel Gayoso de Lemos. Natchez. To Esteban Miro [Governor
1791	Of Louisiana, New Orleans]. No. 86, Concerns Major Elholme, who
May 11	is considered dangerous and should be detained in New Orleans
	and not allowed to return to the United States of America. Ph.
	of L. S. P. C. 41; 16.
[110]	Manuel Gayoso de Lemos. Natchez. To Esteban Miro [Governor
1791	of Louisiana, Now Orleans). No. 113. Reports peaceful condition
May 12	since Yazoo Company has changed its plans; praises the wise man-
	ner in which [Miro] treats the Indians, and will imitate his
	example and obey his orders implicitly, Ph. of L. P. C. 41; 19.
[111]	Manuel Gayoso de Lemos, Natchez. To Esteban Miro (Governor

1791 May 30	of Louisiana, New Orleans]. No 113. Gives record of one Mitchel, who was a follower of O'Fallon thinks him harmful so reports him to Miro. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 41; 13.
[112] 1791 July 26	Manuel Gayoso de Lemos. Natchez. To Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans), No. 156. Concerns establishment of post of Nogales and details of management. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 41; 9.
[113] 1791 Aug. 13	Captain General of Louisiana, Havana [Cuba]. To Minister of War, No. 94. Official letter, Sends copy of reply made to Governor of New Orleans concerning settlement of Nogales. of L. P. C. 1484; 5. Enclosure: N. D. Sends copy of official letter to Miro; gives reasons or differing as to settling the land; in case of settlement it must be with Italians, Portuguese, and Spaniards - no Americans or British. Ph. of L. P. C. 1485; 5.
[114] 1791 Sept. 23	Esteban Miro (Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans] of To Luis de las Casas [Havana, Cuba]. No. 259. Encloses translation of McGillivray letter; expresses approval of peace treaty between Cherokee Indians and Governor Blount; asks approval of plan to bring McGillivray to New Orleans; speaks of "my successor" as coming soon. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 1440.
[115] 1791 Nov. 4	Manuel Gayoso de Lemos. New Orleans. To Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Presents statement of amount due him for salary and other purposes and asks for settlement. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 41; 11.
[116] 1791 Dec. 2	Luis de las Casas Havana (Cuba). To the Governor of Louisiana [Esteban Mire, Now Orleans]. Rough draft. Reply to letter No. 259; approves plan to bring McGillivray to New Orleans. Ph. of L. P. C. 1440.
[117] 1792 Jan. 13	Baron de Carondelet, (Governor of Louisiana, Few Orleans] To Count of Florida Blanca. Copy. No. 1. Confidential. Gives measures considered necessary against possible invasion by Americans, and the cost of same; requests pension for Wilkinson. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 18; 5.
[118] 1792	Manuel Gayoso do Lemos. Natchez. To Baron do Carondelet, [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. States at length his

Jan. 17	reasons for continuing work on fort at Nogales; present condition of construction; time and cost to complete the work. Ph. of L. S. P. C.18; 2.
[119] 1792	Luis de las Casas Havana [Cuba]. To Baron de Carondelet. [Governor of Louisiana, Now Orleans]. Confidential. Instructs
Feb. 6	Carondelet, to lure Dr. O'Fallon to a conference in New Orleans, and send him well guarded to Havana. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 152.
[120] 1792	Baron de Carondelet, [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. To Manuel Gayoso de Lemos. [Natchez]. Gives instructions to
Feb. 6	"prevent by any means" the American companies from settling on the lands belonging to the King. Ph, of L. S. P. C.18; 6.
[121] 1792	Captain General of Florida, Havana (Cuba), To Minister of War [?]. Reports of activities of the English adventurer.
Feb. 8	William Bowles; his trip to England; return and subsequent effort to arouse the Indians against the Spanish; plans for his capture. Ph. of D. P. C. 1484; 7,
[122] 1792	Baron do Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana. New Orleans]. To Manuel Gayoso de Lemos. [Natchez]. Instructions to entertain
Feb. 21	Cherokee Indian Chief and supply him with rum, powder, and balls, and assure him of friendship of Spaniards. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 18; 70
[123] 1792	[Baron do Carondelet, New Orleans. To Captain General Luis de las Casas [Havana, Cuba). No. 5. Confidential.Concerns
Feb. 26	American expansion at expense of the Cherokee Nation; Spanish aid to Indians, T. C. L. 2 1/2 pp. P. C. 152 (5).
[124] 1792	Baron de Carondelet, New Orleans. To [Luis do las Casas, Havana, Cuba]. No. 13, Confidential. Reports existence of an
Mar. 14	army of 18,000 in Georgia and Me Carolinas, probably for protection of American settlements; gives detailed plans for defense in case this army should march against Spanish territory. T. C. L. C. 152; 13.
[125] 1792	Baron do Carondelet (Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans). To Manuel Gayoso de Lemos. Natchez. Reports army of 18,000
Mar. 16	in Carolina to attack "these provinces"; details of preparation to be made. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 18; 8.
[126] 1792	Luis do las Casas Havana (Cuba). To Baron de Carondelet, New Orleans. Confidential. Approves reception of Indian

Mar. 23	chief Catatahu, and help promised him, as it conforms to royal order of Feb, 25, 18890 that Indian nations "be supported under guise of gifts". T. L. S. 1 p. P. C. 152.
[127] 1792	Baron do Carondelet, [Governor of Louisian], New Orleans, To Franchimastabe, Grand Chief of Choctaw Nation. No. 2.
Mar. 23	Warns against war with other Indiana and of the activities of Americans; promises aid from Spain if needed. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 18; 25.
[128] 1792	Manuel Gayoso de Lemos, Natchez. [Baron de] Carondelet, [New Orleans]. No. 13. Minor Indian affairs. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 41; 8.
Mar. 24	
[129] 1792	Baron de Carondelet, [Governor of Louisiana.], New Orleans. To [Arturo] O'Neill, Pensacola (Fla.). Encloses copy of official letter for Pedro Olivier on his return to Pensacola;
Mar. 30	desires he be given aid in his plans in preventing the execution of a treaty on boundaries between the United States and the Creek Nation; another Congress to be held at Muscle Shoals should be hindered; guns and ammunition sent to Pensacola for Indians' defense. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 18; 9.
[130] 1792	Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. To Gayoso de Lemos. [Natchez]. Acknowledges receipt of letter No 13, concerning Indian affairs, Ph. of L. S. P. C. 18; 10.
Apr. 3	
[131] 1792	Baron de Carondelet, (Governor of Louisiana), New Orleans. To Manuel Gayoso de Lemos. [Natchez]. Sends secret instructions for Juan do la villebeuvre, also his official commission as Spanish representative to Congress of Americans and Indiana at Muscle. Shoals. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 18; 25.
Apr. 4	Enclosure 1: Apr. 4, 1792. Baron de Carondelet, New Orleans, To Juan de la Villebeuvre, Captain of Fixed Regiment of Infantry of Louisiana. Secret instructions. Ph. of A. D. S. P. C. 18; (25).
	Enclosure 2: Apr. 4, 1792. Baron de Carondelet, Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans. Countersigned by Andres Lopez Amesto, Secretary of His Majesty. Proclamation. Official commission of Juan de la Villebeuvre to Congress at Muscle. Shoals. Ph. of D. S. P. C.18; 250
[132] 1792	Manuel Gayoso do Lemos. Natchez, To Baron de Carondelet, [Governor of Louisiana, Now Orleans]. No. 34, Encloses

Apr. 6	letter of Richard Cooke, Notoway, Va. given to Adjutant
	Esteban Minor by his father-in-law, Richard Ellis; letter
	gives plans of Virginia Yazoo Company and defines definite
	boundaries of the territory. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 152; 34.

LIST OF THE
PAPELES PROCEDENTES DE CUBA
 (CUBAN PAPERS)
 IN THE
 ARCHIVES OF THE
 NORTH CAROLINA HISTORICAL COMMISSION

- [1] Patrick Henry, Governor of the Commonwealth of Virginia, Williamsburg, Va. To "The Governor in Chief of Louisiana" [Bernardo de Galvez], New Orleans. Expresses appreciation for reception of Mr. Gibson and for merchandise furnished; asks how restitution can be made. Ph. of L. S. 3 pp. P. C. 2370. 171.2.1.1
- [2] Th[oma]s Jefferson [Governor of Virginia], Williamsburg, Va. To [Bernardo de Galvez, Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. States that settlements on Mississippi River would in another year "render their trade an object of your attention at New Orleans"; the army necessary to protect these settlers has contracted a large debt for supplies at New Orleans with Mr. Pollock and a loan is requested to pay him; establishment of ports on American and Spanish side of Mississippi River near mouth of Ohio River for the "aggrandizement of commerce". Ph. of L. S. 3 pp. P. C. 2370. 3
- [3] Manuel Gayoso de Lemos, Natchez. To [Esteban Miró, New Orleans]. Information concerning cultivation, curing, and price of tobacco; recommendations covering the establishment of a system of inspection. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 41;-1. 780 JAN 18 10
- [4] Arturo O'Neill, Pensacola [Fla.]. To Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Men being sent to repel possible attack on fort of Natchez by Americans, who claim that territory; promised recruits from Europe have not arrived. Ph. of L. S. 4 pp. P. C. 37; 1. 20-19
- [5] Arturo O'Neill, Pensacola [Fla.]. To Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Pedro Fabrot requests reinforcements to protect district of Movila against the United States; Alexander McGillivray to be called in for news of alleged insults from the United States. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 2. 2
- [6] Arturo O'Neill, Pensacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Conde de Galvez. Quotes letter received from Col. Don Esteban Miró; Alexander MacGillivray [MacGillivray] and others report that fort at Natchez is to be attacked; boundaries of Georgia; gives military plans for reinforcing Natchez and resisting attack; plans to use Indians to "infuse terror into the frontiers of Georgia and Carolina". Ph. of L. S. 7 pp. P. C. 37;-33. 20-22
- [7] Arturo O'Neill, Pensacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Conde de Galvez [Mexico?]. Learned from the Chee and Cherokee nations that the feared attack on Fort of Natchez was a "supposition". Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 34. 20-24

- [8]
1785
July 29
- Testimonials against Lorens [Lawrence?]. (1) John Cole, American, of the county of Halifax, province of North Carolina. Before Santiago de la Sausaye, Scribe, Mobile. Declaration. In March 1784 left Pensacola to go to the Choctaws to a relative named James Cole; in the Talapuchés district was attacked by two white men who robbed him of his horse and all his possessions, including two young Negro slaves with him; was told that two men, Lawrence and Betts, were seen with the two slaves in that region. Ph. of D. P. C. 198; 3.
- [9]
1785
Aug. 3
- Testimonials against Lorens [Lawrence]. (2) Richard Barow, of Tinsas. Before Santiago de la Sausage [Sausaye], Scribe, Mobile. Witness: Chassance, the Younger. Declaration. In regard to theft made from John Cole of the Negroes and goods; stated he knew Lawrence to be a thief and criminal; that Thomas Betts was in plot, and that he knew of many instances of crime committed by Lawrence and could produce witnesses, and gave names of several. Ph. of D. P. C. 198; 3.
- [10]
1785
Aug. 3
- Testimonials against Lorens [Lawrence]. (3) Samuel Maree and Francis Maree, his son. Before Santiago de Sausages [Sausaye], Scribe, Mobile. Witness: Chassance. Declaration. Concerning theft mentioned by Joan Coles [John Cole], he did not know of that theft but knew much of Lawrence and had "perfect knowledge" of pillage committed at house of Frederick Reister in Georgia, as he was a neighbor; afterwards he saw Lawrence and James Pyburn with the goods and Negro they had stolen, and reported it to the Captain of the Militia; thought the Negro and some of the property was returned to Reister. Document signed "mark of the Father, the declarer". Ph. of D. P. C. 198; 3.
- [11]
1785
Aug. 7
- Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Conde de Galvez. Antonio Garzon, interpreter for the Creek nations, and Alexander MacGillivray have returned with the news that only small numbers of men were recruited in Carolina or Georgia; as a further protection of Hatchez, Creek and Chee nations should be persuaded not to let Americans pass through their country. Ph. of L. S. 3 pp. P. C. 37; 35.
- [12]
1785
Aug. 19
- Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Estoban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Arrest of Tomas Brin as a rebel; discord among inhabitants of Hatchez; report of Alexander McGillevray on departure of settlers for newly established Bourbon County, Ga., who are likely to "break with our Monarch" and attack Fort Hatchez. Ph. of L. S. 3 pp. P. C. 37; 3.
- [13]
1785
Sept. 4
- Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Fla.]. To Conde de Galvez, Governor. Encloses trade agreement with Chee, Choctaw, Cherokee, and Creek nations as received from Alexander MacGillevray; continuation of trade with these nations necessary or they will "embrace the protection which the Americans offer". Ph. of L. S. 3 pp. P. C. 37; 36.

- [14]
1785
Sept. 22
Conde de Galvez, Viceroy of Mexico, Mexico. To Arturo O'Neill, Governor of Florida, Pensacola, Fla. Replying to letter of July 21, giving information that attack on fort at Hachez was unlikely; warning, however, that steps be taken to protect the fort, in view of the "treachery with which these Americans proceed". Ph. of L. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 34.
- [15]
1785
Nov. 5
Arturo O'Neill, Panz. [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Conde de Galvez [Mexico]. Rumored that internal provinces of New Mexico will unite with "Your Excellency's viceroyalty"; asks that he be appointed lieutenant governor of this territory; gives his past accomplishments as recommendation. Ph. of L. S. 4 pp. P. C. 37; 37.
- [16]
1786
Jan. 19
Arturo O'Neill, Governor of West Florida, Pensacola [Fla.]. To Conde de Galvez [Viceroy of Mexico]. Encloses copy of letter in French from Juan Coronel, an interpreter in the Congress "who is much opposed to Americans"; hopes to gain further news through Alexander MacGillevray; copy of letter also to Esteban Miró. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 38. 40
Enclosure: H. D. Reports arrival from Philadelphia of man who left there with General La Schille, who left for Yuintoque to take command of 10,000 men. Ph. of L. 4 pp. P. C. 37; 38 (1).
- [17]
1786
Jan. 26
[Esteban Miró, Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. To Arturo O'Neill [Pensacola, Fla.]. Has ordered Pedro Fabrot, commandant of Novila, to admit no more inhabitants into Timas or Tombebek; will destroy any plans the Americans attempt. Ph. of L. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 4. 41
- [18]
1786
Mar. 16
[Conde de Galvez, Viceroy of Mexico] Mexico. To [A. O'Neill], Governor, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. Notes enclosure in letter of Jan. 19, of advice from Juan Coronel, Englishman, that next spring an American general with 10,000 men will go to New Orleans; proper use will be made of this information. Ph. of L. 1 p. P. C. 37; 38 (2). 42-4
- [19]
1786
Mar. 26
Arturo O'Neill, Governor of West Florida, Panzacole [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Encloses letter from Alexander McGillevray, commissary of Indians, concerning disagreements between State of Georgia and Creek Indians. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 5. 43
- [20]
1786
Apr. 20
Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. To Arturo O'Neill [Pensacola, Fla.?]. Suggests surreptitious aid to Talapuche Indians against the Americans to prevent their "usurping their hunting lands". Ph. of L. S. 4 pp. P. C. 4; 14. 44
- [21]
1786
May 4
Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Conde de Galvez. "Negotiations of our court with the United States" Congress concerning "the desire of the State of Georgia to be given the fort of Hachez". Ph. of L. S. 3 pp. P. C. 37; 39. 45

- [22] Esteban Miró, New Orleans. To Carlos de Grand-Pré [Hatchez]. Refers to declaration of one Smith, in service of Miguel Lopez; asks that the man from Santiago, Alastron [Armstrong], if captured, be sent to him; approves judgment taken in case of the mulatto, Fel[1]y, and oath given by Samuel Smith; notes news from crew of the Lt. Col. Mingo Perry; states rumor from Cumberland without foundation. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 4; 2. 26.46
- [23] Arturo O'Neill, Pensacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Alexander MacGilleveray, commissary of the Creek Indians, to go to New Orleans to inform Miró of Indian affairs and the driving of the new American settlers from their land. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 6. 26.47
- [24] [Esteban Miró, Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. To Arturo O'Neill [Pensacola, Fla.]. Alexander MacGilleveray to be furnished with balls and powder which would be placed in Mr. Fanton's storehouse and distributed secretly to the Indians. Ph. of L. S. 3 pp. P. C. 37; 7. 26.50
- [25] Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana] New Orleans. To Arturo O'Neill [Governor of West Florida]. Very Confidential. Don Alexander MacGilleveray begs an additional 5,000 lbs. of powder with corresponding balls; should be delivered with all possible secrecy; possibly best to store munitions with Mr. Fanton "(if trustworthy man)" and have Indians remove them in small quantities so as not to be suspected; use other methods if considered more practical; MacGilleveray's receipt to be data for storehouse guard. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 1445; 1. 26.49
- [26] Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. Arturo O'Neill [Pensacola, Fla.]. Carlos de Grand-Pré, commandant of Hatchez, has written that the report should be verified that armies under Brigadier General [Elijah] Clark[e], General [Nathanael] Green[e], and some Colonel had united at the head of the Tenezy [Tennessee?] River to march against the Creeks o. Talapuches. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 4; 3; 37; 8. 437 26.5
- [27] Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. To Arturo O'Neill [Pensacola, Fla.]. News of Occurrences between Americans and Talapuche Indians; no expedition planned. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 4; 11. 26.52
- [28] Arturo O'Neill, Pensacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Replies to letter of June 20 regarding ammunition requested by Don Alexander MacGilleveray; promises to proceed with great care and secrecy. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 7. 26.
- [29] Arturo O'Neill, Pensacola [Fla.]. To Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Will transmit the true news of your letter of July 12 to Alexander MacGilleveray in order to contradict the former rumor from commandant of Hatchez. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 8. 26.

[30]
1786
Aug. 29

Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana]. Encloses copy of letter (No. 1) from Daniel McMurphy, who claims to be the agent of Georgia near the Creek nations; Indians instructed not to recognize him as Georgia agent; thinks Dn Enrique Roche, commissary, should reply "dissemblingly" in regard to "what falls to me" as well as the treaty of the Indians; plans that the four towns in sympathy with Americans, Casita, Talecy, Chavacle, and Afasqui, and other neutral towns, may meet at Toquibacho at home of the Indian Mad Dog and, with Dn MacGillevrays, decide their own matters freely. Copy of this to Conde de Galvez. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 9. 57

Aug. 29

[Note]: Copies of the instructions in English of Alexander MacGillevrays sent to King Covvetas according to the certification of Daniel McMurphy, who sent a copy of them to the Governor of Panzacola, as was expressed on arrival. 6 pp. P. C. 37; 10. [English.] 51

[31]
1786
Sept. 18

Arturo O'Neill. Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Encloses letter from MacGillevrays, who stated previously "Your Excellency" had promised him 5,000 lbs. of powder, with balls and gun flints in proportion; Mad Dog left a launch for use in helping the Indians' defense from American cavalry; thinks Indians will win but Americans will be hard to overcome. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 11. [One page following this in English.] 20.60

[32]
1786
Oct. 6

Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. To Arturo O'Neill [Governor of West Florida, Pensacola]. Concerns lances requested by Alexander MacGillevrays; quotes from letter of Conde de Galvez, warning that ammunition promised Indians must be distributed secretly "without compromising us...with the Americans"; believes request for lances should be ignored for the present. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 4; 10. 26.61

[33]
1786
Oct. 18

Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. To Arturo O'Neill [Pensacola, Fla.]. Brands as false news in letter of 13th as to capture of English post of Ylinea [Illinois] by Colonel Clark; supplies for Indians to be handled more discreetly; close co-operation necessary in order that no contradictions be found in "our" letters before the Congress of the United States. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 4; 9. 26.62

[34]
1786
Nov. 2

Vic[en]te Manuel de Cespedes [Zespedes?], Governor of East Florida. Saint Augustine, Fla. To Arturo O'Neill [O'Neill]. Advises of news through New York paper received Oct. 23, that a state of anarchy exists in northern towns, especially in Massachusetts[setts], there being an effort to suspend the courts; also received information that Georgia is trying to raise 1,500 men to intimidate the Creeks; "half-brood" Alexander MacGillevrays has been notified of this. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 40; 3. 26.65

- [35]
1786
Nov. 8
Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Conde de Galvez. Encloses correspondence of Alexander MacGillevray and Georgia commissaries relative to disagreements between the Creek nations and Americans; states Don Estoban Miró declines responsibility in matters to Talapuche nation; refers to misunderstandings on this subject between Miró and himself. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 40.
[There follow three letters in English which he mentions in this one.]
- [36]
1786
Nov. 16
Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miró [New Orleans]. Encloses letter from Alexander MacGillevray dated Oct. 30, giving plans of "Georgians of America" to attack the Creek Indians and his intention to support the Indians; refers to Indian treaty with Americans; rumors are that Brigadier Twige and Colonel Clarke command 1,500 men on Oconee River, and Horton commands 200 who wish to prevent the Cherokees from uniting with the Creeks; states American camps are fortified. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 12.
- [37]
1786
Dec. 20
Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Conde de Galvez. Encloses letter dated Nov. 9 from Alexander MacGillevray, which states that Indians gathered at Congress held for them by Americans were arrested and made prisoners instead of rewarded. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 41. [There follows letter cited here.]
- [38]
1786
Dec. 20
James Wilkinson, District of Kentock [Kentucky]. To Governor of St. Louis. Denies outrage against property of Spanish merchant by people of Post Vincennes; responsible party was General Clark, a discharged military officer; matter has been reported to the Governor; as Clark is under Virginia jurisdiction, there is no present recourse except a court of law; states that more urgent matter is that Colonel Green plans to attack Hatochez in spring; bearer of letter, Captain Carberry, is recommended for his integrity and loyalty. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 199; 2.
- [39]
1786
Dec. 29
Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miró [New Orleans]. Acknowledges receipt of letter transmitting the royal decree of His Majesty granting permission to House of Panton and Lesley to live in Saint Augustine, Fla., for trade with Indians, under condition of taking oath of fidelity and obedience; oath to be taken by all English families living in Florida; assurance to Indians that the royal wish is to protect them. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 13.
- [40]
1787
Feb. 15
Arturo O'Neill, Pensacola [Fla.]. To Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Encloses MacGillevray's letter from new home on Alabama River; he seems disturbed over activities of one McMurphy and says that for his and the Creeks' defense it will be necessary for him "to scalp McMurphy"; O'Neill suggests that McMurphy be driven from coast before further trouble arises. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 14.

- [41]
1787
Feb. 17 Arturo O'Neill, Pensacola [Fla.]. To Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Concerns disagreements between MacGillivray and his sister's husband, Carlos Wetherford. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 15.
- [42]
1787
Mar. 1 Arturo O'Neill, Pensacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Because of threats of Americans and others against his life, Alexander MacGillivray is uneasy; requests guns for use in his defense. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 16.
- [43]
1787
Mar. 9 Vic-te Man-1 de Cespedes [Vicente Manuel, Governor of East Florida]. St. Augustine, Fla. To Arturo O'Neill [Pensacola, Fla.]. Has sent to the court the translation of the Treaty of Peace concluded Nov. 3, in the Congress held at the Spring of Shoulderbone on the Olfonee River, and of the discussion which preceded it; clear that Georgians work against MacGillivray and his partisans; fears result of false rumors against "our half-breed". Ph. of L. S. 3 pp. P. C. 40; 2.
- [44]
1787
Mar. 21 Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Thinks prison sentence of Carlos Wetherford just; numerous thefts of his are known; much complaint, as justice of the peace forged names to petition favoring Wetherford. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 15 (2). [There follows petition in English from above justice, Mr. Linder, and the cited list of names. 4 pp.]
- [45]
1787
Mar. 24 Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. To Arturo O'Neill [Pensacola, Fla.]. Very Confidential. Thinks it unwise to attack this spring, as we could not resist combination of provinces; if boundary dispute is not settled, we may make common cause against United States; matter too delicate for letter; call MacGillivray for conference; distribute 100 guns not to be used until spring, unless attacked. Ph. of L. S. 4 pp. P. C. 4; 6.
- [46]
1787
Mar. 30 Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. MacGillivray told to arrest McMurphy if in our territory, but that "we ought not to agree to his scalping people"; need of a translator or interpreter of orders. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 17.
- [47]
1787
Apr. 26 Arturo O'Neill, Pensacola, [Fla.]. To Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Requests [Miró] to evaluate costs of trial in Wetherford case, as charges were considered exorbitant; recommends a schedule of charges be made to use as a model in all cases. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 15 (1).
- [48]
1787
Apr. 27 Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Hears that Congress of United States has appointed Colonel White to confer with MacGillivray and the Creeks in Cavita; as this is Spanish terri-

tory, suggests that interpreter Antonio Garzon go to Cavita to report on meeting and to speak with MacGillivray. Ph. of L. S. 3 pp. P. C. 37; 18.

- [49] Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miro' [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Notes instruction regarding gifts of guns and powder to Indians, and warning in respect to the commissary of Indians; MacGilbray [MacGillivray] sends report on assembly of Lower Creek and Seminole Indians by king of Talcey, who has not yet arrived. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 19. 26.
- [50] Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miro' [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Encloses paper in English presented by William Panton as substitute for the "oath of fidelity" prepared by royal order, and requests instructions. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 20. 26.8
Enclosure: Paper in English by Panton. Ph. of A. D. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 20.
- [51] Esteban Miro' [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. To Arturo O'Neill [Pensacola, Fla.]. Desires "impatiently" to know results of Creek and Seminole assembly; supposes that Cherokee king, chief, and warriors have been cordially welcomed for their loyalty to "our monarch". Ph. of L. S. 1 pp. P. C. 4; 5. 26.1
- [52] Esteban Miro' [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. To Carlos de Grand-Pré. Notes arrival of Conrad Young with passport from Cumberland; also that the three with him were required to take the oath of fidelity. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 4; 8. 26.87
- [53] Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miro' [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. Will send Antonio Garzon to tell MacGilbray [MacGillivray] of the powder and guns presented to the Indians; Garzon instructed to inform himself as to the treaty between the Indians, MacGilbray [MacGillivray], and Colonel White; thinks [MacGilbray] should not have so much authority. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 21. 26.88
- [54] Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miro' [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Encloses copy of report of MacGilbray [MacGillivray] on agreement of low Creeks and Seminoles at meeting with Colonel White; arranges to give presents to Cherokee Indians. Ph. of L. S. 1 p. P. C. 37; 22. 26.89
- [55] Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miro' [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. Received copy of complaint of Chee and Choctaw nations against tariff on furs at Movilla; rumors that Creeks refused to let Choctaws pass through their lands to trade in Georgia; think agents may be able to arrange matters between merchants and Indians. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 23. 26.9

- [56]
1787
June 16
Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Confidential. Fears McGillbray's [MacGillivray's] acting as delegate in the Indian and American assemblies under our protection but on his own authority may result in harm; believes he is pro-British; desires to know decision of the Toquibacho assembly. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 24. 26 92
- [57]
1787
July 12
Governor [Esteban Miró], New Orleans. To Alexander McGillivray. Received report of occurrences in Creek nation; will transmit news you desire to Governor O'Neill; informs of establishing a fort at San Marcos in Apalache for protection of Indians. Ph. of L. P. C. 200; 6. 26 15
- [58]
1787
July 16
Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. To Arturo O'Neill [Pensacola, Fla.]. Confidential. McGillivray [McGillivray] wishes an additional 1000 lbs. of powder in order to give each warrior 1 lb.; have written that orders have been given to supply him; seems necessary to satisfy him; use all possible secrecy in carrying out this request. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 4; 7. 26 96
- [59]
1787
Aug. 3
Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Confidential. Gifts of arms and ammunition cannot be made secretly, as they are in the royal magazine and removal is checked by many officials; Indians boast of our protection, and America complain of our liberality; have no means of communication with McGillivray [McGillivray]; orders in English will be passed on to him. Ph. of L. S. 4 pp. P. C. 37; 25 and 26. 26 100
- [60]
1787
Aug. 3
Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Letter from Magilberay [McGillivray] reports killing of American named Davenport by Creeks; [O'Neill] suggests to again seek friendship with Creeks, and put commerce of Mobile on a firm footing; informed a Creek chief with 100 warriors, and carrying Spanish flag, has gone against Cumberland. Ph. of L. S. 4 pp. P. C. 37; 27. 26 101
Enclosure: Letter in English from McG[illivray] to O'Neill. Ph. of L. 1 p. P. C. 37; 28. 26 101
- [61]
1787
Aug. 12
Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. To Arturo O'Neill [Pensacola, Fla.]. Received from several sources notice of death of Davenport, and attack on American settlement; also informed of Indian plans against Cumberland. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 4; 4. 26 102
- [62]
1787
Aug. 14
Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. To Arturo O'Neill [Pensacola, Fla.]. Concerns distribution of powder to the Indians; any American protest will be answered by saying: "I cannot deprive the Indians of their existence, since they live by the chase and dress themselves from their produce". Ph. of L. S. 3 pp. P. C. 4; 13. 26 103

[63]
1787
Sept. 17

Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Indians in league against Americans to avenge 11 murders by Georgians; request from McGillbray [McGillivray] that powder and balls be given king of Talacey and other chief was granted; Antonio Garzon has arrived without further news. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 29. 26-104

[64]
1787
Oct. 6

Arturo O'Neill, Pensacola [Fla.]. To Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Confidential. McGillbray [McGillivray] informs O'Neill that many Indians have gone out against Americans; further instructions asked as to distribution of ammunition in case great numbers of Indians come for help. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 30. 26-105

[65]
1787
Oct. 19

Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Confidential. Indian chief assures McGillbray [McGillivray] that Americans have abandoned Cumberland settlement and retired to the Callamak; Indians at Pensacola fear Americans are uniting for joint attack and are clamoring for more ammunition; asks instructions. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 31. 15

[66]
1787
Nov. 6

Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. To Arturo O'Neill [Pensacola, Fla.]. Confidential. Answers letters of Oct. 6 and 19 regarding Talapuche Indians; approves distribution of ammunition to the six villages; has written the Captain General Josephe de Espeleta for orders, but in the meantime those Indians who really need it are to be supplied. Ph. of L. S. 4 pp. P. C. 4; 12. 26-106

[67]
1787
Nov. 28

Arturo O'Neill, Panzacola [Pensacola, Fla.]. To Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Reports that Chief Nini Wachiche and his troops were in battle with Brigadier General White's troops at Georgia border; Americans very much alarmed and are said to be marching in two divisions to destroy Indian villages. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 37; 32. 26-107

[68]
1788
June 15

[?], New Orleans. To [Antonio] Valdes. No. 21. Encloses translation of letter to O'Neill by McGillivray, commissary of the Talapuche nation; giving news of unrest in Cumberland and Kentucky; rumor of alliance with English in Canada is false; requests instructions in case deputies come from Cumberland. Ph. of L. P. C. 177. 27-10

Enclosure: 1788, April 25. Translation. Alexander McGillivray, Little Talasie, to Arturo O'Neill, Governor [Pensacola, Fla.]. Reports arrival of deputies from Cumberland and Kentucky with proposals of alliance with Spain; State of Franklin is separated; North Carolina has refused to accept Constitution. Ph. of L. P. C. 177.

[69]
1788
July 15

Benjamin Drake, Natchez. To the Governor General. Requests passport to Cumberland and return with his goods for permanent residence. Ph. of L. S. 1 p. P. C. 201; 9. 27-13

[70]
1788
July 15
Jean Gaskins, Natchez. To Governor of Louisiana. Requests passport to Cumberland and return with his goods for permanent residence. Ph. of L. S. 1 p. P. C. 201; 8. 27-13

[71]
1788
Sept. 12
Juan [John] Sevier, Franklin. To [Diego] Gardoqui [charge d'affairs at New York]. States that people are pleased with idea of alliance with Spain; asks for help in form of war supplies exchanged for raw materials from "state of Franklin"; requests passport for use in case of travel to Spanish ports. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 177 Trans. (1). 27-17

[72]
1788
Dec. 27
Carlos de Grand-Pré [commandant of Natchez], Fort Panmur [?], Natchez. To Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Food supplies for garrison. Ph. of L. S. 1 p. P. C. 2370. 27-20

[73]
1789
Feb. 28
Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans. To Francisco Cruzat. Discusses distribution of guns and ammunition through McGillivray; refers to previous correspondence with Captain General Ezpeleta, who authorized help to Talapuches; ammunition insufficient for number asked; can supply only smaller arms; complaint against Timothy Leane by McGillivray. Ph. of L. S. 5 pp. P. C. 6; 1. Enclosure: Statement of personnel and supplies of Regiment of Infantry of Louisiana, 3rd Battalion. Ph. of D. S. 2 pp. P. C. 6; 1. 27-24

[74]
1789
Feb. 28
Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. To Josef Valliere. Confidential. The King has sent his "royal order" that settlers from Kentucky and other settlements "whose rivers empty into the Ohio" may come and establish themselves, provided that non-Catholics have their religious rites in private; no duty on goods at first entry, except fruits from Kentucky; import tax of 15% on all goods shipped in; urges Valliere to promote commerce and emigration; especially with leather goods. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 6; 10. 27-25

[75]
1789
Apr. 18
Diego [James] White, New Orleans. To Esteban Miro, Governor of Province of Louisiana. Translation No. 2. Diego de Gardoqui, Minister of Spain, authorizes [White] to inform Americans that Spain will give favorable terms for alliance; "Franklin in particular" is assured protection, provided (1) they take oath of fidelity to His Catholic Majesty; and (2) they abjure authority of any nation, sovereignty or power; the people have agreed to these conditions; they believe it impossible to live in peace under government of North Carolina; Cumberland is given same terms. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 11. 27-26

[76]
1789
Apr. 20
Esteban Miro [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. To Carlos de Grand-Pré. Warns against promising too much to immigrants, lest they be disappointed. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 6; 13. 27-31

[77]
1789
Apr. 20
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for copy
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2370

Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. State-
ment of conditions for immigration. No. 3. Translation. 27.3
Diego [James] White has been authorized to say to Franklin and
Cumberland that these favors are only from generosity: (1)
Permission to settle in Louisiana, free land and duty, on condi-
tion they take oath of fidelity; (2) Trade concessions on furs,
tobacco, flour, etc., on payment of 15% duty; (3) No help in
separation from United States, but aid afterwards. Ph. of D.
P. C. 177. English translation and at 27.

[78]
1789
Apr. 22

Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. To
Daniel Smith, Brigadier General. No. 4. Translation. Notes
letter of March 4, relating to Mr. Fagot; "anxiously awaits"
results of matter to be taken up in Assembly of North Carolina 27.3
next September; have induced McGillivray to make peace with
your district; McGillivray says he has promised Governor of
North Carolina that Creeks will not fight there; honored that
people of "your district" have named it for me. Ph. of L. S.
P. C. 177.

[79]
1789
Apr. 22

Diego [James] White, New Orleans. To Governor [Esteban
Miró, New Orleans]. No. 6. Translation. Requests funds to 27.3
continue trip authorized by Gardoqui. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 177.

[80]
1789
Apr. 23

Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. To
[?]. No. 5. To "excite emigration" will be a great service to
Spain; informs of "new matter" which regards mission of James
White to state of Franklin; Cumberland given name of "Miró"; 27.57
deputies to go to Assembly of North Carolina to request sepa-
ration; suggests work be done in accord with Kentucky; has
requested purchase of 8 million pounds of tobacco. Ph. of L.
P. C. 177.

[81]
1789
Apr. 30

[Esteban] Miró [New Orleans]. To Antonio Valdes. No. 37.
Arrival of James White at "this capital" [New Orleans?]; State
of Franklin working independently of United States; John
Sevier's son in prison in North Carolina; post of Illinois
also depends on North Carolina though distinct from Franklin;
Cumberland changed to "Miró" by act of Assembly of North Caro-
lina; deputies will be sent to North Carolina to ask for sepa-
ration, and, if granted, district will be offered to Spain. 27.31
Ph. of L. P. C. 177.
Enclosures: 2 letters in English: (1) James White to Miró,
April 1789 - 1 p. (2) McGillivray to Miró, June 12, 1788 -
3½ pp.

[82]
1789
June 3

Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. To
Manuel Perez. Approves help given Colonel George Morgan;
plans for construction of fort and settlement of Ance a la 27.40
Graisse [Graive?]; sends 30 men with money, supplies, and a
large canoe for use at fort. Ph. of L. S. 4 pp. P. C. 6; 13.

[83]
1789

Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. To 27.47
Manuel Perez. Informed by Colonel Morgan of founding of new

- June 4 settlement neat l'Ance a la Graive, giving it name of "New Madrid"; says "spirit of emigration ferments from Cumberland to the Ohio". Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 6; 8.
- [84] Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. To William Panton. Notes receipt of letter of June 9, enclosing letter of McGillivray, and approves of reply sent him; asserts no Americans are on Indian land; suspects McGillivray of duplicity in his dealings with Spanish officials. Ph. of L. S. 4 pp. P. C. 6; 2. 27.47
- [85] Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. To Fran[ois]co Cruzat. Confidential. Warns against McGillivray's attitude; may be necessary to call a congress of the Talapuches and deal with them directly. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 6; 3. 27.4
- [86] [Esteban] Miró [Governor of Louisiana], Mr. Conway's house [Natchez?]. To Mar[ue]ll Gayoso [de Lemos]. Complains of irregularities in official correspondence from Havana which leave him in ignorance of plans under his jurisdiction; asks advice as to future reports to the court; wishes information on tobacco crop, and warns against shipping any without previous notice, "on account of the royal exchequer"; states he is in Mr. Conway's house, where he intends to "spend two weeks with Wilkinson". Ph. of L. S. 4 pp. P. C. 6; 9. 27.47
- [87] Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. To Manuel Gayoso de Lemos. Confidential. Domingo Cabello sends transcript of royal order of May 23 in which your [Gayoso's] journey through Kentucky is approved; thinks such a journey will be injurious to His Majesty's service. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 6; 9. 27.45
- [88] Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. To Henry White. Confidential. Acknowledges confidential letter enclosing 3 reports: (1) Of arms and ammunitions delivered to Milford; (2) Of stock remaining in magazines of Indies; (3) Of articles requested by Milford but not in stock; thinks Milford's request unwarranted and not to be granted; approves White's taking 400 guns from panton, of making sacks for powder and balls, and of gifts to Indians. Ph. of L. S. 4 pp. P. C. 6; 11. 27.52
- [89] Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. To Henry White. Confidential. Concerns delivery of guns to Indians. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 6; 12. 27.53
- [90] Filhiol [New Orleans]. To [?]. Concerns plan of Genet [French Minister] to form a buffer state of German immigrants south of Red River. Ph. of L. P. C. 203; 16. 27.57
- [91] M[igue]l Lacassagne, Louisville. To Tomas Portel, Captain Commandant of Fort Celeste, in district of New Madrid. Informs of collapse of Clark's plan of invasion after Genet's replacement; recommends bearer of letter, a chaplain who wishes to join the nuns at St. Genevieve. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 203; 14. 27.61

- [92] Message to Choctaw Nation assuring them of freindship of
1790 Spain, and warning against the Americans; replies by 9 Indian
July 11 chiefs expressing loyalty to Spain and emnity to Americans. Ph.
of D. P. C. 203; 9. 07.10
- [93] Manuel Perez, San Luis, Ill. To Esteban Miró [Governor of
1790 Louisiana]. No. 153. Copy. States Governor St. Clair has with-
Sept. 10 drawn with his troops to report to Congress; said he would return
in spring and bring many families with him; royalists have strong
defense at Machilimackinack, as well as on the strait. Ph. of
L. S. P. C. 1440; 153. 07.69
- [94] Captain General of Louisiana, Havana [Cuba]. To Minister
1790 of War. [?]. Reports as still pending the letter from Estoban
Oct. 3 Miró, Governor of Louisiana, regarding the Yazoo Company, with
plans for preventing its success. Ph. of D. P. C. 1484; 1.
Enclosure; Letter from Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New
Orleans]. May 19, 1790. 4 enclosures: (1) Thomas Wasington,
Augusta, Georgia, to Juan [John] Cape, Esq., Kentucky, Sept. 20,
1789; (2) Ax. Moultrive [sic], Guillermo Clay Snipes, Is. Huger,
to Col. Juan [John] Holder, Kentucky, undated; (3) Ax. Moul-
trive [sic], Guillermo Clay Snipes, Isaac Huger, to Capt. Juan
Cape, October 1, 1789; (4) Jaymo [James] Wilkinson, Lexington,
Kontucky, to Alexander Moultrive [sic], Isaac Huger, Major
William Snipes, and T. Washington, Jan. 4, 1790. Ph. of D.
P. C. 1484; 1. 07.70
- [95] Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. To Luis
1790 de las Casas [Havana, Cuba]. No. 47. Encloses copy of letter
Oct. 6 from Manuel Perez, Sept. 10, 1790, in which he quotes Gen. James
Wilkinson as saying that the expedition against the northwest
Indians was to be led by General Havmar or General St. Clair.
Ph. of L. S. P. C. 1440; 47. 07.71
- [96] Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. To Luis
1790 de las Casas [Havana, Cuba]. No. 48. Concerns terms of peace
Oct. 16 treaty of August 7, 1790, between the United States of America
and the Creek or Talapuche Indians; considers them unsatisfac-
tory; suspects McGillivray of wishing to please both sides, but
thinks he can be of use to the Spanish. Ph. of L. S. P. C.
1440; 48. 07.72
- [97] Captain General of Louisiana, Havana [Cuba]. To the Minister
1790 of War [?]. Confidential. No. 2. Concerns reports and enco-
Nov. 29 sures from Governor of Louisiana regarding the Yazoo Company,
the Boundary question, and the August 7 Treaty of Peace. Ph. of
D. P. C. 1484; 2. 07.74
- [98] Baron de Carondelet, New Orleans. To Manuel Gayoso de Lemos
1791 [Natchez]. Quotes Conde de Florida Blanca as saying that
Jan. 2 O'Fallon plans to go to Yazoo territory, and thence down the
Mississippi and take New Orleans; desires information as to
strength of Natchez, in case of attack. Ph. of L. S. P. C.
18; 1. 08.2

- [99] Manuel Gayoso de Lemos, Natchez. To Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. No. 4. Concerns defense of Nogales in case of attack in spring by Yazoo Company; requests arms and ammunition both for defense and reassurance of the people. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 152 (4).
1791
Jan. 17
v
Enclosure: Juan [John] Williams, Natchez. To Gayoso de Lemos, Natchez, Jan. 16, 1791, regarding probable invasion of Nogales in spring by Yazoo Company. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 152 (1). 28.4
- [100] Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. To Luis de las Casas [Havana, Cuba]. No. 141. Encloses letter from McGillivray, giving report on peace treaty between United States and Creek and Talapuche Indians; thinks he should continue to represent us, as his shrewdness and talent may prove useful. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 1440; 141.
1791
Mar. 15
Enclosure: Feb. 26, 1791, Alexander McGillivray, Pensacola, to Brigadier Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Reply to letter from [Miró] handed him by Governor O'Neill; thanks him for recommending an allowance; gives particulars of signing of peace treaty at New York with the United States. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 1440. 28.7
- [101] Manuel Gayoso de Lemos, Natchez. To Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. No. 34. Tells of rescue of two Americans, who had come from Ohio in a canoe and were attacked by Indians; "their situation concerned humanity"; they are recovering at his house. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 41; 20. 28.8
- [102] [Manuel] Gayoso [de Lemos], Natchez. To Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Very Confidential. No. 2. Concerns method of procedure in case Yazoo Company arrives at Nogales. Ph. of L. P. C. 41; 14. 28.9
- [103] Luis de las Casas [Havana, Cuba]. To [Esteban Miró], Governor of [Louisiana], New Orleans. Rough draft. Acknowledges letter of Oct. 6, 1780, regarding plans of American posts in Illinois. Ph. of L. P. C. 1440. 28.10
- [104] Captain General of Louisiana [Luis de las Casas], Havana [Cuba]. To Minister of War. [?]. Concerns last treaty of peace between Indians and Americans and best way of meeting situation. Ph. of L. P. C. 1484; 4. 28.12
- [105] Baron de Carondelet, New Orleans. To Manuel Gayoso [de Lemos], Natchez. States that "His Majesty" desires to preserve post of Nogales; authorizes secret negotiations with Choctaw Indians for cession of land to Spain on payment of their demands. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 18; 3.
1791
Mar. 29
Enclosure: Feb. 13, 1791, Luis de las Casas, Havana. To Baron de Carondelet [New Orleans]. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 18; 3 (1). 28.13
- [106] [Gayoso de Lemos], Nogales. To Tomas Portell [Commandant of New Madrid]. Copy. Transmits orders of Governor General Esteban Miró, that Diego O'Fallon, agent of South Carolina

Yazoo Company, should be watched and movements reported with speed. Ph. of L. P. C. 41; (16).

- [107] [Gayoso de Lemos], Nogales. To Esteban Miró [Governor of
1791 Louisiana, New Orleans]. Confidential. No. 3. Concerns plans
Apr. 16 for defense against Yazoo Company; establishment of the post at
508 Nogales; friendship of Indians; the tobacco market. Ph. of L.
P. C. 41; 18. 20.14
- [108] Manuel Gayoso de Lemos, Natchez. To Esteban Miró [Governor
1791 of Louisiana, New Orleans]. No. 83. States that Yazoo Company
May 9 had to abandon its purpose to establish a colony at Muscle
78 Shoals. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 41; 15. 28.16
- [109] Manuel Gayoso de Lemos, Natchez. To Esteban Miró [Governor
1791 of Louisiana, New Orleans]. No. 86. Concerns Major Elholme, who
May 11 is considered dangerous and should be detained in New Orleans
72 and not allowed to return to the United States of America. Ph.
of L. S. P. C. 41; 16. 28.17
- [110] Manuel Gayoso de Lemos, Natchez. To Esteban Miró [Governor
1791 of Louisiana, New Orleans]. No. 93. Reports peaceful conditions
May 12 since Yazoo Company has changed its plans; praises the wise man-
48 ner in which [Miró] treats the Indians, and will imitate his
example and obey his orders implicitly. Ph. of L. P. C. 41; 19. 28.19
- [111] Manuel Gayoso de Lemos, Natchez. To Esteban Miró [Governor
1791 of Louisiana, New Orleans]. No. 113. Gives record of one
May 30 Mitchell, who was a follower of O'Fallon; thinks him harmful and
48 so reports him to Miró. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 41; 13. 28.20
- [112] Manuel Gayoso de Lemos, Natchez. To Esteban Miró [Governor
1791 of Louisiana, New Orleans]. No. 156. Concerns establishment
July 26 of post of Nogales and details of management. Ph. of L. S.
P. C. 41; 9. 28.22
- [113] Captain General of Louisiana, Havana [Cuba]. To Minister of
1791 War. No. 94. Official letter. Sends copy of reply made to
Aug. 13 Governor of New Orleans concerning settlement of Nogales. Ph.
of L. P. C. 1484; 5. 28.23
Enclosure: N. D. Sends copy of official letter to Miró; gives
reasons for differing as to settling the land; in case of settle-
ment, it must be with Italians, Portuguese, and Spaniards - no
Americans or British. Ph. of L. P. C. 1485; 5.
- [114] Esteban Miró [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. To Luis
1791 de las Casas [Havana, Cuba]. No. 259. Encloses translation of
Sept. 23 McGillivray letter; expresses approval of peace treaty between
Cherokee Indians and Governor Blount; asks approval of plan to
bring McGillivray to New Orleans; speaks of "my successor" as
coming soon. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 1440; 5. 28.27
- [115] Manuel Gayoso de Lemos, New Orleans. To Esteban Miró
1791 [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Presents statement of
28.24

- Nov. 4 amount due him for salary and other purposes and asks for settle-
ment. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 41; 11.
- [116] Luis de las Casas, Havana [Cuba]. To the Governor of Louis-
1791 iana [Esteban Miro, New Orleans]. Rough draft. Reply to letter
Dec. 2 No. 259; approves plan to bring McGillivray to New Orleans. Ph.
of L. P. C. 1440.
- [117] Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans].
1792 To Count of Florida Blanca. Copy. No. 1. Confidential. Gives
Jan. 13 measures considered necessary against possible invasion by
Americans, and the cost of same; requests pension for Wilkinson.
Ph. of L. S. P. C. 18; 5.
- [118] Manuel Gayoso de Lemos, Natchez. To Baron de Carondelet
1792 [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. States at length his
Jan. 17 reasons for continuing work on fort at Nogales; present condi-
tion of construction; time and cost to complete the work. Ph.
of L. S. P. C. 18; 2.
- [119] Luis de las Casas, Havana [Cuba]. To Baron de Carondelet
1792 [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Confidential. Instructs
Feb. 6 Carondelet to lure Dr. O'Fallon to a conference in New Orleans,
and send him well guarded to Havana. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 152.
- [120] Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans.
1792 To Manuel Gayoso de Lemos [Natchez]. Gives instructions to
Feb. 6 "prevent by any means" the American companies from settling on
the lands belonging to the King. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 18; 6.
- [121] Captain General of Florida, Havana [Cuba]. To Minister of
1792 War [?]. Reports of activities of the English adventurer,
Feb. 8 William Bowles; his trip to England; return and subsequent effort
to arouse the Indians against the Spanish; plans for his capture.
Ph. of D. P. C. 1484; 7.
- [122] Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans].
1792 To Manuel Gayoso de Lemos [Natchez]. Instructions to entertain
Feb. 21 Cherokee Indian Chief and supply him with rum, powder, and balls,
and assure him of friendship of Spaniards. Ph. of L. S. P. C.
18; 7.
- [123] [Baron de Carondelet], New Orleans. To Captain General Luis
1792 de las Casas [Havana, Cuba]. No. 5. Confidential. Concerns
Feb. 26 American expansion at expense of the Cherokee Nation; Spanish
aid to Indians. T. C. L. 2½ pp. P. C. 152 (5).
- [124] Baron de Carondelet, New Orleans. To [Luis de las Casas,
1792 Havana, Cuba]. No. 13. Confidential. Reports existence of an
Mar. 14 army of 18,000 in Georgia and the Carolinas, probably for pro-
tection of American settlements; gives detailed plans for defense
in case this army should march against Spanish territory. T. C.
L. P. C. 152; 13.

- [125] 488
1792
Mar. 16 Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans].
To Manuel Gayoso de Lemos, Natchez. Reports army of 18,000
in Carolina to attack "these provinces"; details of preparation
to be made. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 18; 8. 28.42
- [126]
1792
Mar. 23 Luis de las Casas, Havana [Cuba]. To Baron de Carondelet,
New Orleans. Confidential. Approves reception of Indian
chief Catatahu, and help promised him, as it conforms to royal
order of Feb. 25, 1889, that Indian nations "be supported under
guise of gifts". T. L. S. 1 p. P. C. 152. 28.43
- [127]
1792
Mar. 23 Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans.
To Franchimastabe, Grand Chief of Choctaw Nation. No. 2.
Warns against war with other Indians and of the activities of
Americans; promises aid from Spain if needed. Ph. of L. S.
P. C. 18; 25. 28.44
- [128] 218
1792
Mar. 24 Manuel Gayoso de Lemos, Natchez. To [Baron de] Carondelet
[New Orleans]. No. 13. Minor Indian affairs. Ph. of L. S.
P. C. 41; 8. 28.45
- [129]
1792
Mar. 30 Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans.
To [Arturo] O'Neill, Pensacola [Fla.]. Encloses copy of offi-
cial letter for Pedro Olivier on his return to Pensacola;
desires he be given aid in his plans in preventing the execu-
tion of a treaty on boundaries between the United States and
the Creek Nation; another Congress to be held at Muscle Shoals
should be hindered; guns and ammunition sent to Pensacola for
Indians' defense. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 18; 9. 28.46
- [130] 18
1792
Apr. 3 Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans.
To Gayoso de Lemos [Natchez]. Acknowledges receipt of letter
No. 13, concerning Indian affairs. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 18; 10. 28.47
- [131]
1792
Apr. 4 Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans.
To Manuel Gayoso de Lemos [Natchez]. Sends secret instruc-
tions for Juan de la Villebeuvre, also his official commission
as Spanish representative to Congress of Americans and Indians
at Muscle Shoals. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 18; 25.
Enclosure 1: Apr. 4, 1792. Baron de Carondelet, New Orleans.
To Juan de la Villebeuvre, Captain of Fixed Regiment of In-
fantry of Louisiana. Secret instructions. Ph. of A. D. S.
P. C. 18; (25).
Enclosure 2: Apr. 4, 1792. Baron de Carondelet, Governor of
Louisiana, New Orleans. Countersigned by Andres Lopez Amesto,
Secretary of His Majesty. Proclamation. Official commission
of Juan de la Villebeuvre to Congress at Muscle Shoals. Ph.
of D. S. P. C. 18; 25. 28.48
- [132]
1792
Apr. 6 Manuel Gayoso de Lemos, Natchez. To Baron de Carondelet
[Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. No. 34. Encloses
letter of Richard Cooke, Hotoway, Va., given to Adjutant
Esteban Minor by his father-in-law, Richard Ellis; letter
gives plans of Virginia Yazoo Company and defines definite
boundaries of the territory. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 152; 34. 28.49

[133] Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans].
1792 To Manuel Gayoso de Lemos, Natchez. Advises stricter economy
Apr. 8 in dealing with the Indians; discusses motive of Americans in
making treaties with Indians who are already under the protec-
tion of Spain. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 18; 21. 28.51

[134] Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans.
1792 Very Confidential. To Manuel Gayoso de Lemos [Natchez].
Apr. 11 States William Cunningham says that "the adventurer Bowles"
informs him that Americans of Kentucky and Cumberland propose
to take Natchez and be joined there by Bowles and 1,000
savages and go down the River to New Orleans; best to be on
guard, even if rumor is untrue. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 18; 4. 28.5

[135] Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans].
1792 To Manuel Gayoso de Lemos, Natchez. Replies to No. 34 of
Apr. 17 Gayoso by enclosing copy of his letter No. 13 to Captain
General [Casas] of Havana. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 18; 12. 28.57
Enclosure: March 14, 1792. Copy of confidential letter giv-
ing detailed plans for defense of Spanish provinces. Ph. of
C. L. 4 1/2 pp. P. C. 152 13. 28.52

[136] Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans].
1792 To Manuel Lanzos [Commandor of Mobile]. Concerns case of
Apr. 18 Zacharias Brashears and a Negro slave whom he bought from
Smauel Martin; Brashear as a friend of Franchimastabe should
be satisfied if possible. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 18; 11. 28.55
28.59

[137] Pedro Olivier, Commissary to Creek Nation, Little Talas-
sie. To Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana and West
1792 Florida]. No. 2. Thinks it best to delay fixing of boundar-
May 2 ies, but MacGillivray does not; has been unable to speak to
the Indians officially as interpreter has not introduced him;
Americans are conscripting troops, supposedly to occupy Natchez
and vicinity. Ph. of A. L. S. 3 pp. P. C. 152¹⁰; 2. 28.57

[138] Captain General of Louisiana [Luis de las Casas], Havana
1792 [Cuba]. To the Minister of War [?]. Confidential. Report
May 3 on conditions in Spanish Province of Louisiana; defense meas-
ures; also maintenance of friendship with Indians. Ph. of D.
P. C. 1484; 3. 28.61

[139] Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans].
1792 To Manuel Gayoso de Lemos, Natchez. Immigration restrictions
May 12 for District of Natchez. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 18; 13. 28.78
28.82

[140] Arturo O'Neill [Governor of Florida]. Pensacola [Fla.].
1792 To Baron de Carondelet [New Orleans]. No. 1. Encloses copy
May 21 of letter from McGillivray stating that neither he nor Enrique
White will attend the demarcation of boundaries with the
Americans; Indians will defend their lands to the utmost;
sends arms and ammunition as promptly as possible. Ph. of
L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 152¹⁰; 2. 28.56

[141]
1792
May 24

Baron de Carondelet, Governor of Louisiana and West Florida, New Orleans. To Luis de las Casas, Captain General, Havana [Cuba]. Transmits duplicate of confidential letter No. 31, with enclosures, from Governor of Pensacola, and the Commissary of the Creek Indians, confirming news of levies of conscripts by Americans, and their hostile intentions; requests reinforcements. [Principal copy by His Majesty's packet boat, el Barja, her captain Marcos Aragon; duplicate by the frigate, Minerva, captain Pedro la Cour.] Ph. of D. 1 p. P. C. 152¹⁰; 2.

[142]
1792
May 24

Baron de Carondelet, Governor of Louisiana and West Florida, New Orleans. To Luis de las Casas, Captain General, Havana [Cuba]. No. 31. Encloses two letters confirming news of levies of conscripts by Americans and their hostile intentions toward Indians and also the Spanish; requests all reinforcements possible. Ph. of L. 2 pp. P. C. 152¹⁰; 1.

[143]
1792
June 13

Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. To Arturo O'Neill [Governor of Florida, Pensacola, Fla.]. Instructions to Pedro Olivier, newly appointed commissary to Creek Nation; refuses to ratify treaty between McGillivray and the United States. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 18; 14. 28-61 60

[144]
1792
June 17

Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. To Arturo O'Neill [Governor of Florida], Pensacola [Fla.]. Confidential. Gives 4 principles as basis for conduct of Indians and Spanish; if carried out, McGillivray's pension to be increased, if not, his pension to be suspended. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 18; 19. 7-16-2

[145]
1792
June 19

Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. To Arturo O'Neill [Governor of Florida, Pensacola, Fla.]. Concerns Indian affairs of minor importance. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 18; 15. 28-61 60

[146]
1792
June 28

Mmanuel Gayoso de Lemos, Natchez. To [Baron de Carondelet, New Orleans]. Confidential. No. 5. General discussion of American intentions regarding trade, political matters, and probability of attack; states Kentucky has adopted a constitution; encloses testimony of Thomas Mathews. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 41; 5.

Enclosure: Testimony of Thomas Mathews, taken by Mmanuel Gayoso de Lemos, Natchez. June 28, 1792. Giving rumors of the political and military activities of Americans and Indians. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 41; (5). 28-61 60

[147]
1792
July 4

Pedro Olivier. To Arturo O'Neill [Governor of Florida, Pensacola, Fla.]. Sends message to Baron de Carondelet that the Americans have formed a settlement at Muscle Shoals on the Cherokee River. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 40; 4. 28-61 60

[148]
1792
July 7

Luis de las Casas, Havana [Cuba]. To Baron de Carondelet [New Orleans]. Copy of letter sent to Count de Aranda, the minister; concerns treaty between the Creeks and the United States, and the boundaries of territory involved. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 152. 28-61 60

- [149] 20 Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans.
1792 To Arturo O'Neill [Pensacola, Fla.]. Authorized increase of
July 11 McGillivray's pension by 1,500 pesos, making a total of 3,500
pesos. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 18; 16. 2001
- [150] Manuel Gayoso de Lemos, Natchez. To Baron de Carondelet
1792 [New Orleans]. Reports receipt of messages from Turner Brash-
July 18 ears concerning Indian affairs. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 41; 7.
1318 Enclosure: Copy of Very Confidential Letter No. 3, May 9, 1792,
which states he will maintain greater caution on account of
rumors. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 41; 7. 4/10 2004, 01
- [151] [Baron de Carondelet], New Orleans. To Luis de las Casas
1792 [Havana, Cuba]. No. 40. Encloses letters showing necessity
July 31 of maintaining friendship of McGillivray. Ph. of L. P. C.
152; 40. 2070
- [152] [Baron de Carondelet?], Governor [of Louisiana], New
1792 Orleans. To Luis de las Casas, Havana [Cuba]. No. 37. Con-
July 31 fidential. Reports agreement made with McGillivray without
approval of court, and reasons for its urgency. Ph. of L.
P. C. 152; 37. 2071
- [153] Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans.
1792 To Arturo O'Neill [Pensacola, Fla.]. Concerns agreement with
Aug. 1 McGillivray for conference of chiefs at Pensacola. Ph. of L. S.
P. C. 18; 18. 2072
- [154] Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans.
1792 To Francisco Montrevill. Instructions to seize boat from
Aug. 3 Providence, with papers of Lord Dunmore; plans for distribution
of cargo and arms to the Indians. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 18; 17. 2073
- [155] [Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans.
1792 To Luis de las Casas [Havana, Cuba]. No. 43. Confidential. 7.30
Aug. 23 Discusses plans to delay conclusion of treaty between the United
States and the Talapuche Indians. Ph. of T. L. P. C. 152; 43. 2074
- [156] Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans.
1792 To [Arturo] O'Neill [Pensacola, Fla.]. Approves methods of
Aug. 25 dealing with Indians; urges emphasis be placed on friendship
of Spain and the duplicity of Americans. Ph. of L. S. P. C.
18; 20. 2075
- [157] Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans.
1792 To Arturo O'Neill [Pensacola, Fla.]. States William Panton has
Sept. 14 been granted license to import 2,000 guns from Providence. Ph.
of L. S. P. C. 18; 26. 2076
- [158] Manuel Gayoso de Lemos, Natchez. To [Baron de Carondelet,
1792 Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. No. 172. Gives details
Sept. 15 of organization of young men formed for the protection of the
colony from outlaws and vagrants. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 41; 4. 2077

- [159] Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans.
1792 To Luis de las Casas, Captain General [Havana, Cuba]. No. 48.
Oct. 1 Confidential. Summary of Confidential Letter No. 14; shows
methods of Americans in turning Indian trade to Cumberland;
suggests Panton open store at Nogales. T. C. 1½ pp. P. C.
152; 48. 2.3.103
- [160] Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans.
1792 To Luis de las Casas [Havana, Cuba]. No. 51. Confidential.
Oct. 18 Discusses nullity of Hopewell treaty and refers to enclosed
letters for plans to preserve Indian boundaries intact. Ph.
of L. P. C. 152; 51. 2.3.103
- [161] Josef Deville Degoutin, Mobile. To [Baron de] Carondelet
1792 [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. No. 3. Tells of unsuc-
Nov. 3 cessful attempt of Talapuche and Cherokee Indians to take a
fort in Cumberland; Americans suspected of bribing the Chee
Indians. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 18; 24. 2.3.103
- [162] Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans].
1792 To Luis de las Casas [Havana, Cuba]. No. 54. Encloses copy
Nov. 8 of letter to d'Aranda and one from Villebeuvre; reports success
of plans for congress of Indians; requests troops and money.
Ph. of L. P. C. 152-1; 54. 2.3.103
- [163] Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans.
1792 To Luis de las Casas [Havana, Cuba]. No. 55. Believes Ameri-
Nov. 8 cans hostile and that it is time for Spanish to look after
their own interests; further proofs needless; orders will be
obeyed promptly. Ph. of L. P. C. 152-1; 55. 2.3.103
- [164] Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans].
1792 To Manuel Lanzos [Mobile]. Transmits important letter to be
Nov. 24 sent immediately by special messenger to Juan de la Villebeuvre.
Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 18; 22. 2.3.103
- [165] Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans];
1792 countersigned by Andres Lopez Armesto. To Chiefs, Warriors,
Nov. 24 and others of Cherokee nations. Promises to report to King of
Spain their woes and do all possible to preserve their lands;
lists gifts provided for Cherokees. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 18; 23. 2.3.103
- [166] Manuel Gayoso de Lemos, Natchez. To Baron de Carondelet
1792 [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. No. 198. Concerns
Nov. 26 treaties between Indians and Americans; hopes to get copy of
treaty of Hopewell. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 41; 3. 2.3.103
- [167] Manuel Gayoso de Lemos, Natchez. To [Baron de] Carondelet
1792 [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. No. 223. Doubts if
Dec. 25 Kentucky intends to move against the Spanish provinces, but
will be watchful and report any activities. Ph. of L. S.
P. C. 41; 2. 2.3.103

- [168] 1793 Jan. 25 Manuel Gayoso de Lemos, Natchez. To Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. No. 253. Reports observations of Robert Cochran on boat trip from Pittsburg to Natchez; preparation of Americans for war with Indians; militia of Kentucky on bad terms with regular American troops. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 152; 243. 21.7
- [169] 1793 Feb. 4 Luis de las Casas, Havana [Cuba]. To Governor of Louisiana [Baron de Carondelet, New Orleans]. Approves defense measures against Americans; wishes special care taken to prevent Americans from settling on Indian lands; cannot send corn because of small crop in Cuba. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 152. 29.3
- [170] 1793 Mar. 23 Captain General of Louisiana [Casas], Havana [Cuba]. To Minister of War. No. 271. Announces death of Alexander McGillivray, chief to Talapuche nation; thinks his death may have political consequences. Ph. of L. P. C. 1484; 6. 31.7
- [171] 1793 May 22 [Baron de Carondelet, Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans. To Luis de las Casas [Havana, Cuba]. No. 78. Confidential. Sends translation of representation by Cherokees in reply to letter sent them last November promising to present their case to His Majesty; thinks it essential that Americans be driven as far away as possible; suggests Cumberland River as dividing line; this arrangement to be made peaceably if possible. Ph. of L. 3 pp. P. C. 152; E 1. 1.10.11
- [172] 1793 May 22 [Baron de Carondelet, Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. To Luis de las Casas, Captain General, Havana [Cuba]. No. 79. Confidential. Reports that United States plans to settle on the Mississippi River, south of New Madrid, on pretext of helping Chickasaw Indians; discusses best method of circumventing such move. Ph. of L. 3 pp. P. C. 152; 2. 29.12
- [173] 1793 May 23 Baron de Carondelet, Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans. To Luis de las Casas, Captain General, Havana [Cuba]. No. 80. Confidential. Encloses letter from Governor of Natchez confirming news in No. 79 from Commander of New Madrid; denies accusations of Governor Blount; stands ready to carry out orders regarding Natchez. Ph. of L. 1 p. P. C. 152; 4. [Transmitting memo. attached.] 29.13
- [174] 1793 July 12 Pedro Olivier [Commissary of Creeks], Pueblo de Monglusa. To Governor of Louisiana [Baron de Carondelet, New Orleans]. Reports arrival of Mr. Panton to arrange affairs of Alexander McGillivray, deceased; gives account of happenings among Indian nations. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 124; 7. 21.16
- [175] 1793 Aug. 31 [Luis de las Casas], Captain General, Havana [Cuba]. To Governor of Louisiana [Baron de Carondelet, New Orleans]. [Signed by Thomas (?) Cabello]. Approves attack on Americans at Muscle Shoals if forces are sufficient to take possession. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 152; 4. 29.14

[176]
1793
Oct. 1

Joseph de Jaudenes and Joseph Ignacio Viar [Envoys of the King]. New York. To [Luis de las Casas, Havana, Cuba]. Copy. Request that informer of plan against Spanish provinces be protected upon arrival in Spanish territory. Ph. of L. 2 pp. P. C. 152; E. 5.

[177]
1793
Oct. 1

Joseph Ignacio de Viar and Josef de Jaudenes, Envoys of the King, New York. To Luis de las Casas [Havana, Cuba]. Copy. Encloses receipt of Pigignouse for travel money advanced; also details of plan of French Ambassador Genet to attack Louisiana and Florida. Ph. of L. 3 pp. P. C. 153; 1. Enclosure: Pigignouse To Spanish Ambassador to United States. [Aug. 29, 1793.] Asks for letter to protect him from arrest as an "accomplice of such rascals". Ph. of L. S. 3 pp. P. C. 153; 1.

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[178]
1793
[Oct. 1]

[Joseph de] Jaudenes and [Joseph Ignacio] Viar [New York]. Copy. Descriptions of Mr. Lachaise, Mr. Delpean, and Mr. Gignoux. Ph. of D. 1 p. P. C. 152; E. 5.

[179]
1793
Oct. 1

Joseph de Jaudenes and Joseph Ignacio de Viar, Envoys of the King, New York. To Luis de las Casas [Havana, Cuba]. Copy. States plans for French attack on Louisiana has been confirmed from several sources; thinks best defense would be for Governor of Louisiana to send armed boat up river to the mouth of the Ohio to intercept them. Ph. of C. L. 3 pp. P. C. 153; 1.

[180]
1793
Oct. 2

Josef Ignacio de Viar and Josef de Jaudenes, Envoys of the King, New York. To Secretary of State, Thomas Jefferson. Copy. Tells Jefferson of activities of Genet and asks that the President of the United States be informed; protests against abuses committed by the French and tolerated by the United States. Ph. of C. L. 5 pp. P. C. 152; 6. 2170

[181]
1793
Oct. 2

[Envoys of King?], New York. To [?]. Copy. States four Frenchmen left Oct. 2 for New Orleans via Kentucky, and French squadron leaves Oct. 4 for mouth of Mississippi; Gignoux is on "our side" unless his mind has changed; thinks best defense is armed boats at mouth of Ohio. [This paper marked "Emetic Powders" was brought by captain of a boat.] Ph. of C. L. 2 pp. P. C. 152; 6. 29.21

[182]
1793
Oct. 8

Joseph de Jaudenes and Josef Ignacio de Viar, Envoys of the King, New York. To Luis de las Casas [Havana, Cuba]. Copy. Confirms information of Genet plans given in earlier letters; sends Thomas Mitchel by land to notify commanders of posts and so frustrate the "depraved intention" of the French. Ph. of C. L. 3 pp. P. C. 152; 6. 24.72

[183]
1793
Oct. 19

Luis de las Casas, Havana [Cuba]. To Governor of Louisiana [Baron de Carondelet, New Orleans]. Confidential. Encloses copies of documents with details of plans of Genet to take over Spanish posts and attack New Orleans; gives com- 29.13

plete authority to Governor to take necessary measures for defense. Ph. of L. S. 3 pp. P. C. 153; 1. [Duplicate dated Oct. 20, 1793, exists.] 24.74

- [184]
1793
Nov. 9 Luis de las Casas, Havana [Cuba]. To Governor of Louisiana [Baron de Carondelet, New Orleans]. Very Confidential. Gives further confirmation of Genet expedition; trusts in honor, knowledge and zeal of the Governor to take best possible steps for defense. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 152; 6. 24.75
- [185]
1793
Dec. 7 Proclamation No. 9 by Arthur St. Clair, Governor of the territory of the United States, northwest of the Ohio. In compliance with the edict of the President, dated April 20, 1793, commands inhabitants of territory to observe strict neutrality with Spain, and forbids them to join with the French against settlements on Mississippi; forbids French to make recruits in this territory. [Signed at "City of Marieta, County of Washington, Decombor 7, 1793, 18th year of the Independonce of the United States, Arthur St. Clair.--By command of the Governor, To--Mr. Dunn--by Winthrop Sargent, Secretary."] Ph. of D. S. 3 pp. P. C. 2354; 10.
- [186]
1793
Dec. 13 Democratic Society of Kentucky. To the Inhabitants of the United States west of the Alleghany and Appalachian mountains. Translation of Document. Concerns rights to free navigation of the Mississippi River; calls forces of western country to unite and make representation to the President and Congress to the end that they obtain this right. [Signed "John Breckinridge, President, Thomas Todd and Thomas Bodley, Secretaries".] Ph. of D. S. 6 pp. P. C. 2354; 10. 24.77
- [187]
1793
Dec. 23 Jenon [sic] Trudeau, San Luis [Ill.]. To Thomas Portell [New Madrid]. States that "a man named Clark" has been appointed leader of "these French" in America, and that he will come down the Ohio River with 700 men; asks for 6,000 pounds of powder and lead balls in any quantity. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 124; 4. 24.79
- [188]
1793
Dec. 30 Jenon [sic] Trudeau, San Luis, Ill. To Thomas Portell [New Madrid]. Discusses proposed attack on Illinois of the army of General Clark; asks to be kept informed of instructions from the Governor. Ph. of L. S. 3 pp. P. C. 124; 5. 24.30
- [189]
1794
Jan. 20 Miguel la Casagno, Louisville. To Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana and West Florida, New Orleans]. No. 1. Translation. Reports on his mission to Philadelphia; interviews with General Clark and Mr. Sebastian; situation in Kentucky. Ph. of L. S. 10 pp. P. C. 2354; 10. 24.32
Enclosures: [Dec. 1793]. Resolution of Democratic Society of Kentucky. Ph. D. S. 2 pp. P. C. 2354; 10. Petition to President and Congress of United States. Ph. of D. 4 pp. P. C. 2354; 10. 24.31

- [190] Ignacio Delino, San Esteban, Ark. To Thomas Portell [New
1794 Madrid]. Concerns preparation for war in case of attack from
Jan. 26 Cumberland. Ph. of L. S. 1 p. P.C. 124; 6. 24.22
- [191] Juan Nepomuceno de Quesada [Governor of East Florida],
1794 Saint Augustine, Fla. To Luis de las Casas [Havana, Cuba].
Feb. 18 No. 502. Copy. Report on Indian Affairs in Province. Ph.
of L. S. 7 pp. P.C. 152; 11. 24.35
- [192] Juan Nepomuceno de Quesada [Governor of East Florida],
1794 Saint Augustine, Fla. To Pedro Olivier [Commissary of Creeks].
Feb. 19 Copy. Discusses the war with the Georgians and Indians and
advises peace if possible. Ph. of L. S. P. C. 152; 11. 24.34
- [193] Manuel Gayoso de Lemos, Natchez. To Baron de Carondelet
1794 [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. No. 34. Confidential.
Feb. 20 Discusses plan of defense of Nogales against the Ohio attack.
Ph. of L. S. 8 pp. P. C. 2354; 6. 24.37
- [194] [General James Wilkinson], Fort Jefferson. To Baron de
1794 Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Translation.
Feb. 26 Refers to previous letter of Nov. 23, 1793, from Fort Washin-
ton, telling of the plot of the French against New Orleans;
much unrest in Kentucky; intimates a possibility of leaving
service of the United States if the proper provision is made
for him; states he is second in command of United States Army,
Ph. of L. 6 pp. P. C. 2354; 13. 24.38
- [195] [Baron de Carondelet, Governor of Louisiana and West
1794 Florida], New Orleans]. To Luis de las Casas [Captain General,
Feb. 27 Havana, Cuba]. No. 105. Confidential. Gives news of impend-
ing attack by the French and preparation at all posts for
defense of Spanish territory. Ph. of L. 3 pp. P. C. 152; 7. 24.39
- [196] Baron de Carondelet, Governor of Louisiana and Western
1794 Florida, New Orleans]. To Luis de las Casas, Captain General
Feb. 27 [Havana, Cuba]. Transmittal index of confidential letter of
same date, No. 105. Principal sent by His Majesty's packet-
boat, San Francisco de Borja. Ph. of L. 1 p. P. C. 152; 7.
- [197] Joseph Ignacio de Viar and Joseph de Jaudenes [Envoys of
1794 the King], Philadelphia [Pa.]. To Luis de las Casas [Havana,
Mar. 1 Cuba]. Secretary of State by order of President of the United
States informs us that in spite of orders to the contrary evil
people have been sent to attack Louisiana; same tactics being
used against St. Augustine; Spaniards should defend their
"religion, laws, and territory". Ph. of L. S. 7 pp. P. C.
152; 9. 24.40
- [198] [Luis] Milford, Guala [Fla.]. To Baron de Carondelet
1794 [Governor of Louisiana, New Orleans]. Reports on anti-Spanish
Mar. 2 activities of the American agent Seagrove among the Talapuche
Indians. Ph. of L. 12 pp. P. C. 2354; 12. 24.42

[199]
1794
Mar. 7

Joseph de Jaudenes and Joseph Ygnacio de Viar [Envoys of the King], Philadelphia, Pa.]. To Luis de las Casas [Havana, Cuba]. Encloses letter from Secretary of State, which shows good feeling towards Spain; convey will probably leave in 20 days; asks that letter be passed on to Governor at New Orleans. Ph. of L. S. 3 pp. P. C. 152; 9.
Enclosure: Letter in English, dated March 2, 1794, from Edmund Randolph to Jaudenes and Viar. Ph. of L. 1 p. P. C. 152; 9.

29.41

[200]
1794
Mar. 7

Luis de las Casas, Havana [Cuba]. To Governor of Louisiana [Baron de Carondelet, New Orleans]. Quotes letter from Count del Campo de Alange, saying the King approves plans for defense of Louisiana, and depends on the Governor to modify them if circumstances should vary. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 152; 8.

29.43

[201]
1794
Mar. 8

Luis de las Casas, Havana [Cuba]. To Governor of Louisiana [Baron de Carondelet, New Orleans]. Concerns co-operation between Gen. Pedro de Nava, of New Spain, Lt. Col. Manuel Munoz, Governor of Texas, and Baron de Carondelet, Governor of Louisiana. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 152; 10.

29.44

[202]
1794
Mar. 14

Thomas Portell [Commandant of] New Madrid. To Baron de Carondelet [New Orleans]. No. 6. Copy No. 236. Concerns arrest of Alexander Sanson, Chief of Militia of New Madrid, as he made a trip up the river for supplies; reports seeing several persons from New Madrid in the party, and attaches a list of those recognized; considers this an infraction of the peace treaty. Ph. of L. S. 3 pp. P. C. 2354; 10.

4 pp

29.45

[203]
1794
Mar. 17

Luis de las Casas, Havana [Cuba]. To Governor of Louisiana [Baron de Carondelet, New Orleans]. Encloses several copies of letters from Governor of Florida for the information of Baron de Carondelet concerning Indian affairs. Ph. of L. S. 1 p. P. C. 152; 11.

29.46

[204]
1794
Mar. 21

Luis de las Casas, Havana [Cuba]. To Governor of Louisiana [Baron de Carondelet, New Orleans]. States packet from charge d'affaires of the Congress of the United States is being forwarded, together with copies of other letters containing useful information. Postscript adds that four companies of troops had embarked. Sends on schooner Estrella del Mar in charge of Capt. Juan Welbbs. Ph. of L. S. 1 p. P. C. 152; 9.

29.47

[205]
1794
Apr. 2

Thomas Portell, Commandant of New Madrid. To Baron de Carondelet [New Orleans]. Extract from letter; reports arrest and detention of suspicious persons; describes Indian attack at mouth of Cumberland River and consequent removal of Moylmore and troops to Red Banks; swivel gun was buried and all provisions destroyed. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. P. C. 2354; 12.

29.48

- [206]
1794
Apr. 7
Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans.
To Luis de las Casas [Havana, Cuba]. No. 109. Confidential.
Requests money and troops for defense of the province; dis-
cusses plans for protection of forts on Mississippi River;
believes stability of government depends on active commerce.
Ph. of L. S. 11 pp. P. C. 2354; 10. 29.49
- [207]
1794
Apr. 9
Baron de Carondelet [Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans.
To Luis de las Casas [Havana, Cuba]. No. 111. Confidential.
Encloses copy of letter to Duke de la Aloufia, and copy of
letter from Luis Milford, commissary of Talapuches; all let-
ters show the weakness of the United States and its partiality
for the French. Ph. of L. S. 1 p. P. C. 2354; 12. 29.50
- [208]
1794
Apr. 18
Captain General of Louisiana [Luis de las Casas], Havana
[Cuba]. To Minister of War. No. 391. Petition from Governor
of Louisiana to continue his salary at 6,000 pesos; recommends
that the petition be granted. Ph. of L. 6 pp. P. C. 1484; 9. 21.52
- [209]
1794
May 1
[Baron de Carondelet, Governor of Louisiana], New Orleans.
To Luis de las Casas [Havana, Cuba]. No. 113. Confidential.
Concerns desire of Kentucky to open navigation of the Missis-
sippi River and discusses the matter; supports General Wilkin-
son's request. Ph. of L. 2 pp. P. C. 152; 12. 29.55
- [210]
1794
May 1
Baron de Carondelet, Governor of Louisiana and West Florida,
New Orleans. To Luis de las Casas, Captain General, [Havana,
Cuba]. Transmits duplicate of letter No. 113 concerning free
navigation of Mississippi River. Ph. of L. 1 p. P. C. 29.56
152; 12.
- [211]
1794
May 7
Gen. Anthony Wayne. To Commander of Fort Massac. Instruc-
tions No. 2. Orders that lawless persons planning to invade
Spanish territory not be allowed to pass the Fort on their way
down the River. Ph. of D. 2 pp. P. C. 153; 4.
Enclosure: March 24, 1794. Proclamation from the President
of the United States, Jorge [George] Washington. Philadelphia,
by the resident, Edmund Randolph. All people, except officials
are forbidden to enlist citizens of the United States or others
to invade and pillage territory of friendly nations; citizens
are required to refrain from enlisting, recruiting, or gather-
ing for such illegitimate purpose, or to aid or promote it.
Ph. of D. 5 pp. P. C. 153; 4. 21.57
- [212]
1794
May 8
Baron de Carondelet, New Orleans. To Captain General Luis
de las Casas, Havana [Cuba]. No. 114. States that Fouchet,
the new minister of France, has revived the plan of invasion
of Spanish provinces, and conditions require urgent defense
preparation. Ph. of L. 1 p. P. C. 152; 13.
Enclosure: John Hinds, Boston County, Kentucky. To Maurice
Nowlan. Warns of French invasion. Ph. of L. S. 2 pp. 3 pp.
P. C. 152; 13. 21.58