#### 7. Healthcare

The function of Healthcare entails the maintaining and restoration of health by the treatment and prevention of disease. The State Veterans Homes (within the Department of Military and Veterans Affairs), the Division of State Operated Healthcare Facilities (DSOHF, within the Department of Health and Human Services [DHHS]), and the Division of Adult Correction and Juvenile Justice (within the Department of Public Safety) provide medical care to patients and residents in their facilities. The DHHS Central Billing Office handles financial records for DSOHF. The Office of the Chief Medical Examiner and the State Laboratory of Public Health under DHHS also perform health-related research that is addressed on this schedule.

NOTE: For employee medical records, see Human Resources.

Table of contents (A comprehensive listing of all record types is available on the functional schedule page at <a href="https://archives.ncdcr.gov/government/state-government-agencies/functional-schedule">https://archives.ncdcr.gov/government/state-government-agencies/functional-schedule</a>):

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An index for the entire functional schedule is available on the functional schedule page at <a href="https://archives.ncdcr.gov/government/state-government-agencies/functional-schedule">https://archives.ncdcr.gov/government/state-government-agencies/functional-schedule</a>.

The trigger for the retention period for Healthcare records is usually the date of the last encounter, so it is useful to be able to sort inactive records based on these dates. The records documenting aid provided by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) are required by the DHHS Office of the Controller to be retained for 10 years; in cases where this retention is longer than that specified in this schedule, the records must be retained according to the more stringent requirement.

This schedule applies to medical records in both paper and electronic formats. In accordance with G.S. § 131E-97, all medical records compiled and maintained at DHHS facilities are confidential and exempt from public inspection. The 1972 NC Court of Appeals decision in *Goble* v. *Bounds* (13 N.C. App. 579) affirmed that prison records of inmates are confidential and not subject to inspection by the public. G.S. § 8-53 confers confidentiality on communications between physicians and their patients. 42 USC 1320d-2(d)(2) establishes safeguards related to the maintenance and transmittal of health information to ensure its confidentiality, and the HIPAA Privacy Rule (45 CFR Parts 160 and 164) establishes national standards to protect individuals' medical records and other personal health information maintained by health care providers that conduct certain health care transactions electronically in an electronic health record (EHR). In addition, the HIPAA Privacy Rule protects the individually identifiable health



information about a decedent for 50 years following the date of death of the individual (see paragraph (2)(iv) of the definition of "Protected health information" in 45 CFR 160.103). Rather than list these citations beside each individual record, the lock symbol indicates confidentiality under this legislation; any *additional* confidentiality provisions are noted in the citation column.

These functional schedules apply to records in all media, unless otherwise specified. The State Archives of North Carolina recommends that agencies develop a file plan that documents the owners of record copies, internal definitions of reference value, and record formats. (A sample is available on the records management tools page at <a href="https://archives.ncdcr.gov/government/rm-tools">https://archives.ncdcr.gov/government/rm-tools</a>.) Information about the NC Public Records Act, confidentiality, destructions, audits and litigation actions, and electronic records can be found in the overview to the functional scheduling initiative. A key for the functional schedule along with definitions of important records management terms can be found in the glossary to this schedule.



## 7.1 Administration of Healthcare Facilities

Defined: Activities related to the oversight of healthcare provision.

SEE ALSO: Surveillance records for chronic and communicable diseases are under Health-Related Research (7.4). Facility accreditation records are under AGENCY MANAGEMENT. Business associate agreements are under LEGAL.

RC No.	Record Types	Description	Disposition Instructions	Citation
711.5	Facility Advocate Records	records of advocates placed in facilities;	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	<u>Confidentiality</u>
		includes reports and investigations regarding	PLUS: 5 years	G.S. § 122C-52
1		rights protection of individuals	THEN: Destroy*	
712.6	HIPAA Policies	facility policies and procedures to align with	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	<u>Retention</u>
		the requirements of the Health Insurance	PLUS: 6 years	45 CFR 164.316(b)(2)
	SEE ALSO: Agency Policies	Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA)	THEN: Destroy	45 CFR 164.530(j)
	(AGENCY MANAGEMENT),			
	Contracts (LEGAL)			
713.5	Infection Control Records	records created and/or received by a facility's	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
		infection control program; includes	PLUS: 5 years	
		investigative reports, surveillance records and	THEN: Destroy*	
		logs, infection control reports		
		NOTE: Records concerning employees who may		
		have been or were exposed to a communicable		
		disease should be transferred to the Personnel file.		
714.10	Patient Safety Organization	records created by Division of State Operated	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	<u>Confidentiality</u>
	Records	Healthcare Facilities to oversee data sharing	PLUS: 10 years	42 CFR 3.204
		and patient safety initiatives; includes event	THEN: Destroy	42 CFR 3.206
		investigations, root cause analyses, and other		
		related patient safety work product (PSWP)		
715.10	Performance Improvement and	incident analyses and reports; includes	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	<u>Confidentiality</u>
	Quality Assurance Records	medication error reports, occurrence reports,	PLUS: 10 years	G.S. § 122C-191(e)
1		and performance improvement plans	THEN: Destroy	
	(continued on following page)			

<sup>\*</sup> No destruction of records may take place if audits or litigation are pending or reasonably anticipated.

Ω See appendix for list of item numbers for records that are temporarily stored at the State Records Center prior to destruction.



RC No.	Record Types	Description	Disposition Instructions	Citation
715.3	Performance Improvement and	formal and informal data collection logs and	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
	Quality Assurance Records	records	PLUS: 3 years	
	(cont.)		THEN: Destroy	
716.P	Registers and Logbooks	includes master patient index (MPI)	PERMANENT	
		documenting patient registration, medical		
		record number, and date(s) of admission; also		
		includes admission and death registers		
717.5	Scheduling Records	schedules for medical personnel including	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
		physicians, medical aides, nursing staff, and	PLUS: 5 years	
	SEE ALSO: Daily Staffing Records,	other support personnel who provide medical	THEN: Destroy*	
	Float Rosters (below)	treatment		
717.S		lists of all patients seen or scheduled to be	RETAIN UNTIL: Superseded/Obsolete	
		seen by medical personnel and labs	THEN: Destroy	



# 7.2 Business Office and Patients'/Residents' Financial Records

DEFINED: Activities concerning insurance claims and payments, Medicare and Medicaid disbursements, medical bills, and other financial activities for patients/residents served by a state operated healthcare facility.

SEE ALSO: Routine facility financial records that are not related to patients or residents are under FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT.

RC No.	Record Types	Description	Disposition Instructions	Citation
721.10	Adjusted Patient Accounts	records of adjustments to patients' bills and	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
		insurance claims	PLUS: 10 years	
1			THEN: Destroy*	
722.5	Daily Charge Reports	report summarizing charges to daily in-	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
		patients	PLUS: 5 years	
1			THEN: Destroy*	
723.10	Insurance Claims Reports	claim forms submitted to insurance	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
		companies; also includes reports summarizing	PLUS: 10 years	
		unpaid insurance claims	THEN: Destroy*	
724.10	Medicaid and Medicare	logs listing payments made to healthcare	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	Retention
	Records	providers and indicating the accounts to which	PLUS: 10 years	42 CFR 422.504(d)
1		they are posted; also includes disbursement	THEN: Destroy*	
		reports and bad debt Medicare logs		
725.10	Patient Financial Records	records documenting paid balances and	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	Retention
		refunds for patients/residents receiving	PLUS: 10 years	42 CFR 422.504(d)
1		Medicaid/Medicare benefits	THEN: Destroy*	
725.3		records documenting paid balances and	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
		refunds issued to patients/residents or	PLUS: 3 years	
1		insurance companies	THEN: Destroy*	
726.3	Payment Vouchers	vouchers for payments received from patients	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
		and insurance companies	PLUS: 3 years	
1			THEN: Destroy*	

<sup>\*</sup> No destruction of records may take place if audits or litigation are pending or reasonably anticipated.

Ω See appendix for list of item numbers for records that are temporarily stored at the State Records Center prior to destruction.



## 7.3 Clinical Records

DEFINED: Records concerning patient/resident care at state operated healthcare facilities or provided by state counselors. 10A NCAC 26D .0703 specifies the contents of the client record for patients/residents in DSOHF facilities, as does 14B NCAC 11C .0404 for those of inmates in the custody of the Division of Adult Correction and Juvenile Justice.

NOTE: In cases where outside hospitals or providers are used to provide tests or procedures, those providers retain the original medical records that must be retained and the copies held within DSOHF or DPS clinical records are reference copies used for the purpose of follow-up treatment.

SEE ALSO: Staff meeting minutes are under AGENCY MANAGEMENT. Safety data sheets are under RISK MANAGEMENT.

RC No.	Record Types	Description	Disposition Instructions	Citation
731.P	Admission/Discharge/Transfer	records documenting the admission,	PERMANENT	Retention
	Reports	discharge, and transfer of patients/residents;		APSM 45-3, p.126
		includes lists of patient's name, age, sex, race,		
		address, financial class, services received,		
		admitting doctor, date admitted, date		
		discharged, date transferred, floor, room, and		
		other related information		



200			D	Ta:: .:
RC No.	Record Types	Description	Disposition Instructions	Citation
732.11 <sub>1</sub>	Adult Clinical Records: includes	patient clinical records for adults admitted to	RETAIN UNTIL: Last encounter	<u>Authority</u>
	admission records, physical	a hospital or seen at an outpatient clinic	PLUS: 11 years Ω	10A NCAC 13B
	examination and laboratory		THEN: Destroy*	.3903(d)
	reports, medical treatment			10A NCAC 28F .0605
	notes, discharge plans and			14B NCAC 11C
	summaries, patient transfer			.0404(a)
	certifications, radiology and			
	diagnostic imaging records,			<u>Confidentiality</u>
	medication administration			G.S. § 122C-52
	records, living wills,			14B NCAC 11C
	authorizations to release			.0404(b)
	patient information,			
	communicable disease reports,			Retention
	consent to test forms, and			10A NCAC 13B
	other related records			.3903(a)
732.112	7	resident clinical records for adults diagnosed	RETAIN UNTIL: Death of client	Authority
		with intellectual disabilities	PLUS: 11 years	10A NCAC 13B .5204
1			THEN: Destroy*	10A NCAC 28F .0605
			,	
				Confidentiality
				G.S. § 122C-52
732.5		resident clinical records for adults admitted to	RETAIN UNTIL: Last encounter	Authority
		a nursing facility	PLUS: 5 years	10A NCAC 13D .2401
			THEN: Destroy*	10A NCAC 28F .0605
				Confidentiality
				G.S. § 122C-52
				5.5. 3 1220 52
				Retention
				10A NCAC 13D
				.2402(a)
				.2702(0)

<sup>\*</sup> No destruction of records may take place if audits or litigation are pending or reasonably anticipated.  $\Omega$  See appendix for list of item numbers for records that are temporarily stored at the State Records Center prior to destruction.



RC No.	Record Types	Description	Disposition Instructions	Citation
733.5	Central Sterile Supply Records	records concerning the proper functioning of	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
, 55.5	Communication of Company (1995)	autoclave equipment; includes mechanical,	PLUS: 5 years	
		chemical, and biological monitor notebooks	THEN: Destroy*	
		and sterilizer logs and tests		
734.6	Correspondence Log	logs and records detailing patient-related	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
		correspondence that is not part of the clinical	PLUS: 6 years	
		record	THEN: Destroy	
735.10	Dental Records	records concerning dental treatments;	RETAIN UNTIL: Last encounter	Authority/Retention
		includes tests and diagnoses, treatments,	PLUS: 10 years	21 NCAC 16T .0101
		prescriptions, treatment plans, and other	THEN: Destroy*	
		related records	,	
736.P	Master Patient Index	medical record index listing patients' names,	PERMANENT	
		discharge dates, medical record numbers,		
		dates of service, financial class, attending		
		physicians' names, procedures performed,		
		diagnostic and procedural codes, and other		
		related information		
737.<	Pediatric Clinical Records:	patient clinical records for those from birth to	RETAIN UNTIL: Patient reaches age	Authority
	includes admission records,	18 years of age admitted to a hospital or seen	30	10A NCAC 13B
	physical examination and	at an outpatient clinic	THEN: Destroy*	.3903(d)
	laboratory reports, medical			10A NCAC 28F .0605
	treatment notes, discharge		NOTE: Records must be retained 11	14B NCAC 11C
	plans and summaries, patient		years after last encounter at hospital.	.0404(a)
	transfer certifications,			
	radiology and diagnostic			Confidentiality
	imaging records, medication			G.S. § 122C-52
	administration records, living			14B NCAC 11C
	wills, authorizations to release			.0404(b)
	patient information,			
	communicable disease reports,			Retention
	consent to test forms, and			10A NCAC 13B
	other related records			.3903(b)

<sup>\*</sup> No destruction of records may take place if audits or litigation are pending or reasonably anticipated.  $\Omega$  See appendix for list of item numbers for records that are temporarily stored at the State Records Center prior to destruction.



RC No.	Record Types	Description	Disposition Instructions	Citation
737.<	Pediatric Clinical Records	resident clinical records for those from birth	RETAIN UNTIL: Death of client	<u>Authority</u>
	(cont.)	to 18 years of age diagnosed with intellectual	THEN: Destroy*	10A NCAC 13B .5204
		disabilities		10A NCAC 28F .0605
			NOTE: Records must be retained 11	
			years after last encounter.	<u>Confidentiality</u>
				G.S. § 122C-52
737.4		resident clinical records for those from birth	RETAIN UNTIL: Last encounter	<u>Authority</u>
		to 18 years of age admitted to a nursing	PLus: 4 years	10A NCAC 13D .2401
		facility	THEN: Destroy*	10A NCAC 28F .0605
			Note: Records must be retained until the patient reaches 19 years of age in addition to this minimum time requirement.	Confidentiality G.S. § 122C-52  Retention 10A NCAC 13D .2402(b)
738.<	Transcription Logs	logs detailing transcription activities for physicians' notes	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete PLUS: 6 months THEN: Destroy	

<sup>\*</sup> No destruction of records may take place if audits or litigation are pending or reasonably anticipated.  $\Omega$  See appendix for list of item numbers for records that are temporarily stored at the State Records Center prior to destruction.



#### 7.4 Health-Related Research and Data

DEFINED: Activities related to the promotion, protection, and assurance of the health of North Carolina constituents. 10A NCAC 41A .0101, as authorized by G.S. § 130A-134, lists the diseases and conditions declared to be dangerous to the public health and required to be reported to the DHHS Communicable Disease Branch. The clinical records of individual patients are confidential, pursuant to HIPAA and specific State laws cited below; reports produced by DHHS use only de-identified data (and are included on the AGENCY MANAGEMENT schedule).

SEE ALSO: Reports received by DHHS from local health departments are under Monitoring and Compliance.

RC No.	Record Types	Description	Disposition Instructions	Citation
741.P	Communicable Disease Records	records accumulated by the Department of	PERMANENT	<u>Authority</u>
		Health and Human Services concerning NC	/	10A NCAC 41A .0101
		residents diagnosed with tuberculosis or		
		typhoid		<u>Confidentiality</u>
741.<		records accumulated by the Department of	RETAIN UNTIL: Death of client	G.S. § 130A-143
		Health and Human Services concerning	THEN: Destroy	42 USC 1320d-
		chronic disease cases, including human		2(d)(2)
		immunodeficiency virus (HIV), hepatitis B,		
		and hepatitis C		
741.5		records accumulated by the Department of	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
		Health and Human Services concerning	PLUS: 5 years	
1		diagnoses and case surveillance for other	THEN: Destroy	
		communicable diseases		
742.10	Environmental Sciences Testing	records accumulated by the Department of	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
	Records	Health and Human Services concerning the	PLUS: 10 years	
		analysis of environmental samples for	THEN: Destroy	
		radioisotope presence		
742.5		records accumulated by the Department of	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
		Health and Human Services concerning the	PLUS: 5 years	
		bacteriologic, chemical, and fluoride analyses	THEN: Destroy	
		of water samples		

<sup>\*</sup> No destruction of records may take place if audits or litigation are pending or reasonably anticipated.  $\Omega$  See appendix for list of item numbers for records that are temporarily stored at the State Records Center prior to destruction.



RC No.	Record Types	Description	Disposition Instructions	Citation
743.2	Health Monitoring Programs	records accumulated by the Department of	RETAIN UNTIL: Received	<b>Confidentiality</b>
		Health and Human Services about chronic	PLUS: 2 years	G.S. § 130A-131.17
		disease and other health issues; includes	THEN: Destroy	G.S. § 130A-212
		incidence reporting and other surveillance		G.S. § 130A-374
		methods		G.S. § 130A-476(e)
				G.S. § 130A-480(b)
				10A NCAC 47B .0103
				10A NCAC 47C .0105
744.P	Immunization Registry (NCIR)	records accumulated by the Department of	PERMANENT	<u>Authority</u>
		Health and Human Services regarding		G.S. § 130A-153
		immunizations administered in North		
		Carolina		

<sup>\*</sup> No destruction of records may take place if audits or litigation are pending or reasonably anticipated.  $\Omega$  See appendix for list of item numbers for records that are temporarily stored at the State Records Center prior to destruction.



## 7.5 Laboratory Services

DEFINED: Records concerning laboratory services and analyses conducted by state operated healthcare facilities, the North Carolina State Laboratory of Public Health, and the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner.

SEE ALSO: Reports from laboratory analyses for patients are incorporated into the Adult and Pediatric Clinical Records. Test reports that are subject to Medicaid requirements should be handled according to the Grants Management schedule under FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT.

RC No.	Record Types	Description	Disposition Instructions	Citation
751.2	Accession Records	records concerning chain of custody of	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
		laboratory samples	PLUS: 2 years	
			THEN: Destroy	
752.2	Analytic Systems Records	records documenting all analytic systems	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	Retention
		activities; includes worksheets, specimen	PLUS: 2 years	42 CFR
		logs, and instrument printouts	THEN: Destroy	493.1105(a)(3)
753.60 <sub>1</sub>	Autopsy Records	microscopic slides, paraffin blocks, and x-rays	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	<u>Authority</u>
		produced by/for the Office of the Chief	PLUS: 60 years Ω	G.S. § 130A-389
		Medical Examiner	THEN: Destroy	G.S. § 130A-389.1
753.60 <sub>2</sub>		reports, photographs, and video or audio		G.S. § 132-1.8
		recordings of autopsies produced by/for the		
1		Office of the Chief Medical Examiner		<b>Confidentiality</b>
				G.S. § 130A-389(d)



RC No.	Record Types	Description	Disposition Instructions	Citation
<b>RC No.</b> 754.10	Record Types  Blood Bank Records	records used to monitor the process by which blood products are made available and used; includes donor information and informed consent forms; records concerning the storage, distribution, and visual inspection of blood products; compatibility testing; component preparation; therapeutic bleedings; and immunizations; also includes blood collection and processing results, interpretations of tests, labeling, emergency releases of blood, and equipment calibration and performance checks; also includes transfusion reaction reports and complaints, investigations, errors and accident records,	Disposition Instructions  RETAIN UNTIL: Complete PLUS: 10 years THEN: Destroy  NOTE: Records should be destroyed no less than 10 years after the records of processing have been completed or 6 months after the latest expiration date for the individual product, whichever occurs later.	Authority 21 CFR 606.160 21 CFR 606.165 21 CFR 606.170  Confidentiality G.S. § 131E-97  Retention 21 CFR 606.160(d)
754.P	_	difficulties in blood typing reports, exposures to transmissible diseases, supplies and reagents, and final disposition reports of blood products records concerning blood products with no expiration date	PERMANENT	
754.<		records used to identify unsuitable donors so that their blood products will not be distributed	RETAIN UNTIL: Death of donor THEN: Destroy	Authority 21 CFR 606.160(e)
755.10	Cytology Records	fine needle aspiration slides	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete PLUS: 10 years THEN: Destroy	
755.5		stained slides; includes both negative/unsatisfactory and positive/suspicious samples	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete PLUS: 5 years THEN: Destroy	
756.P	Laboratory Register (continued on following page)	log of laboratory tests performed for clinical care	PERMANENT	

<sup>\*</sup> No destruction of records may take place if audits or litigation are pending or reasonably anticipated.  $\Omega$  See appendix for list of item numbers for records that are temporarily stored at the State Records Center prior to destruction.



RC No.	Record Types	Description	Disposition Instructions	Citation
756.5	Laboratory Register (cont.)	newborn screening collection forms	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
			PLUS: 5 years	
			THEN: Destroy	
756.2		test requisitions and test authorizations	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	Retention
			PLUS: 2 years	42 CFR
			THEN: Destroy	493.1105(a)(1)
757.2	Proficiency Testing	records used to attest the handling,	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	Retention
		preparation, processing, examination, and	PLUS: 2 years	42 CFR
		reporting of results of all proficiency testing;	THEN: Destroy	493.1105(a)(4)
		includes testing report forms, records		
		documenting testing failures and corrective		
		actions, and other related records		
758.2	Quality Control	records documenting a laboratory's quality	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	Retention
		control procedures; includes routine surveys	PLUS: 2 years	42 CFR
		and maintenance records, instrument	THEN: Destroy	493.1105(a)(5)
		calibrations, instrument/reagent correlations		
		studies, quality control tests, silver recovery		
		records, and other related records		
		method validation and performance	RETAIN UNTIL: Test system	Retention
		verification studies	discontinued	42 CFR
			PLUS: 2 years	493.1105(a)(3)
			THEN: Destroy	
			NOTE: These records must be retained	
	+		at least 2 years.	
759.2	Test Procedures	standard operating procedures and policies	RETAIN UNTIL: Discontinued	Retention
		related to lab testing	PLUS: 2 years	42 CFR
			THEN: Destroy	493.1105(a)(2)

<sup>\*</sup> No destruction of records may take place if audits or litigation are pending or reasonably anticipated.  $\Omega$  See appendix for list of item numbers for records that are temporarily stored at the State Records Center prior to destruction.

RC No.	Record Types	Description	Disposition Instructions	Citation
7510.4	Toxicology Records	records produced by the Office of the Chief	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
		Medical Examiner; includes request for	PLUS: 4 years	
		analysis, chain of custody, data sheets,	THEN: Destroy	
		analyst's worksheets, and other related		
		records		

7 5



## 7.6 Nuclear Medicine, Radiation Therapy, and Radiology Records

Defined: Records concerning patient x-rays, radiation treatments, and similar activities at the state operated healthcare facility.

NOTE: In cases where outside hospitals or providers are used to provide tests or procedures, those providers retain the original medical records that must be retained and the copies held within DSOHF or DPS clinical records are reference copies used for the purpose of follow-up treatment.

SEE ALSO: Reports from electronic radiographic cases, nuclear medicine exams, and imaging diagnostic tests are incorporated into the Adult and Pediatric Clinical Records. Inspections of radiation protection programs are under Monitoring and Compliance. Employee exposure records are under RISK MANAGEMENT.

RC No.	Record Types	Description	Disposition Instructions	Citation
761.11	Cardiac Catheter Records	tests on coronary arteries of adult patients;	RETAIN UNTIL: Last encounter	
		includes film and electronic images produced	PLUS: 11 years	
1	SEE ALSO: Adult Clinical Records,	during procedure	THEN: Destroy*	
761.<	Pediatric Clinical Records	tests on coronary arteries of pediatric	RETAIN UNTIL: Patient reaches age	
	(above)	patients; includes film and electronic images	30	
1		produced during procedure	THEN: Destroy*	
			NOTE: Records must be retained 11	
			years after last encounter.	
762.3	Daily Statistical Sheets and Logs	statistical sheets and logs documenting the	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
		number of patients given examinations during	PLUS: 3 years	
		a given reporting period; includes patient	THEN: Destroy*	
		names, names of attending physicians, type		
		and number of examinations performed, and		
		other related information		
763.5	Imaging Services and	nuclear medicine exams and imaging	RETAIN UNTIL: Last encounter	
	Radiographic Records	diagnostic tests, including CAT scans, MRI	PLUS: 5 years	
1		scans, and x-rays; includes film and electronic	THEN: Destroy*	
		images produced during tests		

<sup>\*</sup> No destruction of records may take place if audits or litigation are pending or reasonably anticipated.  $\Omega$  See appendix for list of item numbers for records that are temporarily stored at the State Records Center prior to destruction.



# 7.7 Nursing Services

DEFINED: Records maintained at nurses' duty stations.

SEE ALSO: Staff meeting minutes and productivity reports are under AGENCY MANAGEMENT. Information on contracted employees is under HUMAN RESOURCES.

RC No.	Record Types	Description	Disposition Instructions	Citation
771.1	Call-In Reports	records concerning ambulance reports	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
		generated when the ambulance is used to	PLUS: 1 year	
		transport a Division of State Operated	THEN: Destroy	
		Healthcare Facilities patient; includes	/	
		ambulance run reports		
772.5	Daily Staffing Records	assignments sheets specifying nurses' floor	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
		assignments; includes nurses' names and	PLUS: 5 years	
		numbers of patients seen	THEN: Destroy*	
773.5	Emergency Department Log	records concerning individuals receiving	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
		services in the emergency department	PLUS: 5 years	
			THEN: Destroy*	
774.5	Emergency Equipment	checklists regarding equipment reliability on	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
	Checklists	the code cart	PLUS: 5 years	
			THEN: Destroy*	
775.R	Float Rosters	lists of nurses sent to other units within the	RETAIN UNTIL: Reference value ends	
		facility; includes nurse's name, unit sent to,	THEN: Destroy	
		hours worked, and time spent	Facility Policy:	
776.1	Floor Census Records	records used to track room usage; includes	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
		number of patients and number of rooms	PLUS: 1 year	
		available	THEN: Destroy*	
777.5	Observation Logs	records concerning observation of patients in	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
		the facility less than 24 hours	PLUS: 5 years	
			THEN: Destroy*	

<sup>\*</sup> No destruction of records may take place if audits or litigation are pending or reasonably anticipated.  $\Omega$  See appendix for list of item numbers for records that are temporarily stored at the State Records Center prior to destruction.

RC No.	Record Types	Description	Disposition Instructions	Citation
778.R	Private Duty Call Lists	lists of patient sitters	RETAIN UNTIL: Reference value ends	
			THEN: Destroy	
			Facility Policy:	

77

<sup>\*</sup> No destruction of records may take place if audits or litigation are pending or reasonably anticipated.  $\Omega$  See appendix for list of item numbers for records that are temporarily stored at the State Records Center prior to destruction.



# 7.8 Pharmacy Records

DEFINED: Records concerning operations of state operated healthcare facility pharmacies. (See 21 North Carolina Administrative Code 46, Board of Pharmacy – Rules and Regulations Sections .0100 through .3000 for further information regarding the disposition of records.)

SEE ALSO: Original prescription orders are incorporated into the Adult and Pediatric Clinical Records.

RC No.	Record Types	Description	Disposition Instructions	Citation
781.3	Adverse Drug Reaction Reports	reports to the Food and Drug Administration	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
		(FDA) describing adverse drug reactions	PLUS: 3 years	
			THEN: Destroy	
782.P	Drug Disposal Records	pharmaceutical waste manifests	PERMANENT	Retention
		,		DHHS Pharmaceutical
				Waste Policy
782.3		records documenting the disposal or final	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
		disposition of all outdated, improperly	PLUS: 3 years	
		labeled, adulterated, damaged, or unwanted	THEN: Destroy	
		controlled and non-controlled substances, or		
		drug containers with worn, illegible, or		
		missing labels		
783.3	Drug Distribution Records	records listing who filled and/or checked a	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	Retention
		medication at time of issuing or dispensing	PLUS: 3 years	21 NCAC 46
		and other related information	THEN: Destroy	.1414(j)(1)
784.3	Drug Inventories	inventories of controlled and non-controlled	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	<u>Retention</u>
		substances; includes inventory reports,	PLUS: 3 years	21 NCAC 46
		ancillary drug cabinet inventories, annual and	THEN: Destroy*	.1414(j)(6)
		biennial inventories, perpetual inventories,		
		and other related records used to account for		
		medication compounding and dispensing by		
		pharmacies and locations outside the		
		pharmacy; also includes inventories of drugs		
		destroyed, their amounts, and when		
		destroyed		

<sup>\*</sup> No destruction of records may take place if audits or litigation are pending or reasonably anticipated.

Ω See appendix for list of item numbers for records that are temporarily stored at the State Records Center prior to destruction.



RC No.	Pocord Types	Description	Disposition Instructions	Citation
	Record Types	•	Disposition Instructions	
785.10	Insurance Claim Records	Medicaid and Medicare Part D medication and	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	Retention
		billing records; includes electronic records	PLUS: 10 years	42 CFR 422.504(d)
		used to maintain billing	THEN: Destroy*	
785.3		insurance claim forms, confirmation or denial	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
		reports, remittance and status reports, and	PLUS: 3 years	
		other related records submitted by	THEN: Destroy*	
		pharmacies for reimbursement		
786.3	Medication Storage and	results of medication storage areas inspected	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
	Environment Inspection	on a routine basis; also includes intravenous	PLUS: 3 years	
	Reports	hood performance reports	THEN: Destroy	
787.<	Patient Medication Profile	lists of all prescribed medications for each	RETAIN UNTIL: Patient is no longer	Confidentiality
		patient; also includes records involving the	active at facility	G.S. § 90-113.74
		interpretation and evaluation of a patient's	THEN: Destroy*	
		drug therapy or other pharmaceutical care		
		services (e.g., on-site drug and medication		
		reviews)		
788.3	Prescription Orders	prescription orders for controlled and non-	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	Authority
	·	controlled substances or other medication or	PLUS: 3 years	G.S. § 90-85.30
		devices that are not recorded in the patient's	THEN: Destroy	G.S. § 90-85.35
		medical record	,	
				Confidentiality
				G.S. § 90-85.36
				3.5. 3 50 65.50
				Retention
				G.S. § 90-85.26
				21 NCAC 46 .2302
				ZI NCAC 40 .2302

<sup>\*</sup> No destruction of records may take place if audits or litigation are pending or reasonably anticipated.  $\Omega$  See appendix for list of item numbers for records that are temporarily stored at the State Records Center prior to destruction.



RC No.	Record Types	Description	Disposition Instructions	Citation
789.3 <sub>1</sub>	Schedule II, III, IV, and V	ordering and receiving records for schedule II	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	Authority
	Narcotics Records	controlled substances	PLUS: 3 years	G.S. § 90-90
			THEN: Destroy*	G.S. § 90-107
				Retention 21 NCAC 46 .1414(j)(6)
				42 CFR 423.505
789.3 <sub>2</sub>	7	records documenting the usage of schedule II,	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	Authority
		III, IV, and V controlled substances	PLUS: 3 years	G.S. § 90-90 through
1			THEN: Destroy*	§ 90-93
		/		G.S. § 90-113.71
				Confidentiality
		/		G.S. § 90-85.36(c)
				G.S. § 90-113-74

<sup>\*</sup> No destruction of records may take place if audits or litigation are pending or reasonably anticipated.  $\Omega$  See appendix for list of item numbers for records that are temporarily stored at the State Records Center prior to destruction.



## 7.9 Social Services and Acute Care Records

Defined: Records concerning social service and acute care programs at state operated healthcare facilities or service providers.

SEE ALSO: Patient conference records and referral worksheets for discharge planning are filed in the Adult and Pediatric Clinical Records.

RC No.	Record Types	Description	Disposition Instructions	Citation
791.3	Approval for Nursing Home	completed forms approving patients'	RETAIN UNTIL: Discharge or death of	
	Placement Records	placements in nursing homes	patient	
			PLUS: 3 years	
			THEN: Destroy	
792.12	Children's Developmental	records concerning admissions and services of	RETAIN UNTIL: Designated inactive	Confidentiality
	Service Agency (CDSA) Patient	CDSA clients of the Infant-Toddler Program;	PLUS: 12 years $\Omega$	G.S. § 130A-12
	Clinical Records	includes medical histories, results of eligibility	THEN: Destroy	
		determinations, evaluations and assessments,		
		diagnostic goals, Individualized Family Service		
		Plans, service notes, summaries of treatment		
		received, responses to treatment, follow-up		
		reports, and other related records		
793.3	Patient Tracking Records	records used to track patients receiving care	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
		through a facility's social service program;	PLUS: 3 years	
		includes patient's name and address, room	THEN: Destroy	
		number, consultation date, placement		
		information, and other related records		
794.4	Referrals to County	completed forms (PA-400) used as referrals to	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
	Department of Social Services	county department of social services for	PLUS: 4 years	
		patients who may be eligible for Medicare	THEN: Destroy	

<sup>\*</sup> No destruction of records may take place if audits or litigation are pending or reasonably anticipated.  $\Omega$  See appendix for list of item numbers for records that are temporarily stored at the State Records Center prior to destruction.

## 7.10 Utilization Review Records

Defined: Committee records regarding the utilization of healthcare facility staff, programs, and resources.

7.10

RC No.	Record Types	Description	Disposition Instructions	Citation
7101.10	Daily Medicare and Medicaid	record of money paid to provider by Medicaid	RETAIN UNTIL: CMS Cost Report	Retention
	Logs	or Medicare	Audit closes	42 CFR 422.504(d)
			PLUS: 10 years	
			THEN: Destroy*	
7102.S	Financial Classification Logs	logs listing financial classifications applicable	RETAIN UNTIL: Superseded/Obsolete	
		to patients	THEN: Destroy	
7103.1	Patient Abstract Records	abstracts of codes used to track both patient	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
		billing and types of diseases diagnosed (used	PLUS: 1 year	
		to report this information to insurance	THEN: Destroy	
		companies)		
7104.3	Private Paid Discharge Records	records used to track those patients who pay	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
		their bill without insurance or Medicare	PLUS: 3 years	
			THEN: Destroy*	
7105.1	Transfer and Discharge Lists	lists summarizing transfers and discharges of	RETAIN UNTIL: Complete	
		patients	PLUS: 1 year	
		/	THEN: Destroy	
7106.S	Utilization Review Plans	plans for utilization review	RETAIN UNTIL: Superseded/Obsolete	<u>Authority</u>
			THEN: Destroy	42 CFR 482.30

<sup>\*</sup> No destruction of records may take place if audits or litigation are pending or reasonably anticipated.

Ω See appendix for list of item numbers for records that are temporarily stored at the State Records Center prior to destruction.



## **Records That Will Transfer to the State Records Center**

**732.11** Adult Clinical Records: Transfer records to the State Records Center 6 years after inmate's release or parole. Records will be held for agency 5 additional years and then destroyed.

Appendix

Agency	Series Title	Item Number
Department of Public Safety	Inpatient Health Records File	679
	Outpatient Health Records File	4049
	Prisons Health Services Inpatient/Residential Mental Health Records	47048
	Raw Psychological Test Data File	47049

**753.60 Autopsy Records**: Transfer records to the State Records Center after 5 years. Records will be held for agency 55 additional years and then destroyed.

Agency	Series Title	Item Number
Department of Health and Human Services	Central Office Microscopic Slides and Paraffin Blocks File	1782
	Investigative Cases File	1779
	Non-Central Office Investigative Cases File	1780
	Non-Central Office Microscopic Slides and Paraffin Blocks File	1783
	X-Ray File	1781



**792.12** Children's Developmental Service Agency (CDSA) Patient Clinical Records: Transfer records to the State Records Center after 2 years. Records will be held for agency 10 additional years and then destroyed.

Appendix

Agency	Series Title	Item Number
Department of Health and Human Services	CDSA – Blue Ridge	3651
	CDSA – Cape Fear	1819
	CDSA – Concord	1810
	CDSA – Durham	3620
	CDSA – Elizabeth City	1811
	CDSA – Greensboro	1813
	CDSA – Morganton/Hickory	1814
	CDSA – New Bern	1815
	CDSA – Raleigh	1816
	CDSA – Rocky Mount	29683
	CDSA – Sandhills	1818
	CDSA – Shelby	1817
	CDSA – Western NC	1808
	CDSA – Winston-Salem	48183



## Glossary

Audit

The Society of American Archivists *Dictionary of Archives Terminology* defines an audit as "an independent review and examination of records and activities to test for compliance with established policies or standards, often with recommendations for changes in controls or procedures." The North Carolina Office of the State Auditor defines three types of audits that can be performed for state agencies<sup>2</sup>:

- Financial Statement Audits that "determine whether an agency's financial statements are fairly presented"
- Performance/Financial Related Audits that "provide independent and objective appraisals of agency management practices and operational results"
- Information Systems Audits that "evaluate risks relevant to information systems assets and assess controls in place to reduce or mitigate these risks"

Many state agencies also have an internal auditor's office that is responsible for assessing whether agency employees, units, and business operations are in compliance with applicable federal and state laws and regulations, as well as agency policies and procedures. Some agencies are also responsible for auditing work of external organizations, including consultants and subrecipients. Agencies in receipt of funding from outside sources may be subject to audits to verify the appropriate expenditure of these funds. Audits may be performed on a routine recurring basis; they also may be prompted by concerns reported to the State Auditor's Hotline.

#### Historical Value

The term historical value is used interchangeably with archival value. The Society of American Archivists *Glossary of Archival and Records Terminology* defines it as "the importance or usefulness of records that justifies their continued preservation because of the enduring administrative, legal, fiscal, or evidential information they contain." Two criteria for determining historical value are inherent interest and extraordinary documentation:

- Inherent interest is created by non-routine events, by the involvement of famous parties, and by compelling contexts. For instance, foreclosure proceedings from the 1930s have high historical value because they date from the era of the Great Depression.
- Extraordinary documentation is found in records that shed light on political, public, or social history. For instance, the records from the replevin case that returned the Bill of Rights to North Carolina hold more historical value than most property case files because of the political history intertwined with this case.

Glossary

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  Society of American Archivists, *Dictionary of Archives Terminology*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://www.ncauditor.net/pub42/TypesOfAudits.aspx

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Dictionary of Archives Terminology

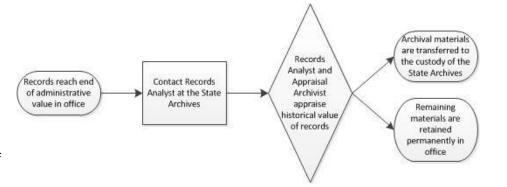
Glossary

The State Archives of North Carolina (SANC) has further elaborated selection criteria that help distinguish records with archival value:

- Do they protect the rights and property of constituents and organizations?
- Do they have a long-term impact on constituents and organizations?
- Do they document the core functions of an agency?
- Do they document high-level decision-making that shapes an agency's policies or initiatives?
- Do they summarize an agency's activities?

Records with historical value are identified with one of three designations in the Disposition Instructions:

- PERMANENT: These records will be retained in office permanently.
- PERMANENT (appraisal required): When these records no longer have administrative value in office, the agency will contact the Government Records Section so the records can be appraised by a records analyst and an appraisal archivist. These individuals will determine whether the records should be retained in office permanently or transferred to the custody of the State Archives of North Carolina.



PERMANENT (archival): These records will transfer to the State Records Center so they can be transferred to the custody of the State Archives of North Carolina.

## **Record Copy**

A record copy is defined as "the single copy of a document, often the original, that is designated as the official copy for reference and preservation." The record copy is the one whose retention and disposition is mandated by these functional schedules; all additional copies are considered reference or access copies and can be destroyed when their usefulness expires. In some cases, postings to social media may be unofficial copies of information that is captured elsewhere as a record copy (e.g., a press release about an upcoming agency event that is copied to various social media platforms). Appropriately retaining record copies and disposing of reference copies requires agencies to designate clearly what position or office is required to maintain an official record for the duration of its designated retention period. To facilitate this process, SANC has provided a sample file plan for agency use (available on the state agency records management page at

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Ibid.



https://archives.ncdcr.gov/government/rm-tools). In identified cases where records overlap between state agencies, SANC has specified on the schedules which agency is considered the record owner.

Glossary

## **Record Custody**

The agency that creates or receives a record is the legal custodian of that record and responsibility for fulfilling any retention requirements and public records requests. If an agency transfers records to the State Records Center for temporary storage prior to destruction, those records remain in the legal custody of the originating agency. Any records requests must be authorized by the originating agency, and ultimate destruction must also be authorized by that agency. If an agency transfers archival records to the State Records Center, once those records have been accessioned by the State Archives, their legal custody transfers to the State Archives. From that point forward, all records requests should be channeled through the State Archives. In a few instances, records transfer to the State Records Center to be held in permanent security storage (indicated by a © on the functional schedule); in these cases, the records remain in the legal custody of the originating agency.

### Reference Value

The disposition instruction to destroy in office when reference value ends is usually applied to records that were not created by the recipient. Reference files include materials that have no regulatory authority for the recipient and are received from outside the agency or from other units within the agency; subject files containing informational copies of records organized by areas of interest; and reference copies of records where another individual or agency is responsible for maintaining the record copy. The agency is given the discretion to determine how long these records should be retained before destruction, and this decision should be documented in a file plan or other policy so that all members of the agency can be consistent in their handling of these records.

## **Transitory Records**

Transitory records are defined as "record[s] that [have] little or no documentary or evidential value and that need not be set aside for future use." North Carolina has a broad definition of public records. However, the Department of Natural and Cultural Resources recognizes that some records may have little or no long-term documentary or evidential value to the creating agency. These records are often called "transitory records." They may be disposed of according to the guidance below. However, all public employees should be familiar with the *Functional Schedule for North Carolina State Agencies* and any other applicable guidelines for their office. If there is a required retention period for these records, that requirement must be followed. When in doubt about whether a record is transitory or whether it has special significance or importance, retain the record in question and seek guidance from the analyst assigned to your agency.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Ibid.



Routing slips and transmittal sheets adding no information to that contained in the transmitted material have minimal value after the material has been successfully transmitted. These records may be destroyed or otherwise disposed of after receipt of the material has been confirmed. Similarly, "while you were out" slips, memory aids, and other records requesting follow-up actions (including voicemails and calendar invites) have minimal value once the official action these records are supporting has been completed and documented. These records may be destroyed or otherwise disposed of once the action has been resolved.

Glossary

Drafts and working papers, including notes and calculations, are materials gathered or created to assist in the creation of another record. All drafts and working papers are public records subject to all provisions of General Statute § 132, but many of them have minimal value after the final version of the record has been approved and may be destroyed after final approval if they are no longer necessary to support the analysis or conclusions of the official record. Drafts and working documents that may be destroyed after final approval include:

- Drafts and working papers for internal and external policies
- Drafts and working papers for internal administrative reports, such as daily and monthly activity reports;
- Drafts and working papers for internal, non-policy-level documents, such as informal workflows and manuals; and
- Drafts and working papers for presentations, workshops, and other explanations of agency policy that is already formally documented.

Forms used solely to create, update, or modify records in an electronic medium may be destroyed in office after completion of data entry and after all verification and quality control procedures, as long as these records are not required for audit or legal purposes. However, if the forms contain any analog components that are necessary to validate the information contained on them (e.g., a signature or notary's seal), they should be retained according to the disposition instructions for the records series encompassing the forms' function.

### Key



- symbol designating that records in this series may be confidential or may include confidential information

RC No. – a unique identifying number assigned to each record type for ease of reference

Function No.	Sub-function No.		Retention Abbreviation
15	4	5	Α

The example above indicates the numbering scheme for Speeches (1545.A):

- Public Relations is the 15th function
- Marketing and Publicity is the 4th sub-function under Public Relations
- Speeches are the 5th record type under Marketing and Publicity
- Retention abbreviations provide a quick method of identifying the retention requirement for a particular record:

Α	transfer to the State Archives		
Р	retain in office permanently or contact the State Archives for appraisal		
R	destroy in office when reference value ends (NOTE: Agencies must establish internal policies		
	to ensure consistency in retention and destructions.)		
S	destroy in office when superseded or obsolete		
Т	transfer completed record to another record series		
<	retention period shorter than 1 year		
	any numerical designation indicates the number of years the record should be retained		

Record Types – groupings of records that are "created, received, or used in the same activity." 1

Description – a description of the records, often including the types of records that can be frequently found in that series

Disposition Instructions – instructions dictating the length of time a series must be retained, and how the office should dispose of those records after that time (either by destruction or transfer to the State Archives). For any records that will transfer to the State Records

Key

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Society of American Archivists, *Dictionary of Archives Terminology*.

Center, either for temporary storage or for transfer to the State Archives, consult the Appendix for the item number that is necessary to track these records. *Note*: No destruction of records may take place if litigation or audits are pending or reasonably anticipated.

This border on the right and left of the Description and Disposition Instruction cells indicates a record that belongs to a particular agency, as identified in the Description. If other agencies possess copies of this record, they are reference copies that can be discarded when their reference value ends.

Citation – a listing of references to statutes, laws, and codes related to the records series. Citations can include Authorities (governing the creation of records), Confidentiality (limiting access to public records), and Retention (setting a retention period).

- CFR = citation from the Code of Federal Regulations
- G.S. = citation from the North Carolina General Statutes
- USC = citation from the United States Code

The Disposition Instructions include a number of triggers that begin the retention period:

- Adoption of plan: With a record such as a strategic plan, the retention period begins as soon as the plan is adopted by the governing body.
- Closed: With a record such as an investigation, the retention period begins once the case is closed.
- Complete: With a record such as a report, the retention period begins once the report has been finalized.
- Execution of plan: With a record such as a business plan, the retention period begins once the plan has been carried out.
- Reference value ends: Once the content of a record is no longer useful or significant, it can be destroyed. This disposition is usually applied to records that were not created by the agency.
- Service ends: With a record relating to an elected or appointed office, the retention period begins once the term of service ends.
- Superseded or Obsolete: With any record that is produced in versions, an older version can be destroyed when the new version is received.

Several symbols are used within the disposition instructions:

- $\,\infty\,\,$  archival records that should transfer to the State Archives for permanent retention
- archival records that will transfer to the State Archives in an electronic format
- Ω records that transfer to the State Records Center for temporary storage before destruction
- © records that transfer to the State Records Center for permanent security storage

Key